CONTENTS OF ARTICLE 15

PRINCIPAL USES PERMITTED IN DISTRICTS

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SECTION 15.01: INTENT

The intent of this Article is to achieve beneficial utilization of land while preventing adverse impacts to the environment, neighboring properties, and the public interest. This objective is attained by separating the unincorporated area of the Charter Township of Marquette into eight (8) specific zoning districts and permitting compatible uses within each district, as outlined in Section 15.05 of this Article, Table of Principal Uses Permitted in Districts, Use vs. District Nomograph, and providing specific land uses that shall meet all additional criteria specified in The Schedule of District Regulations and Minimum Performance Standards for Each Zoning District (Article 19, Sections 19.13 through 19.20). The performance zoning approach, while providing more flexibility, requires that all performance criteria and other regulations specifying minimum sizes, width, area, easements, parking, loading, etc., be strictly adhered to. The minimum requirements of all state and local agency laws, rules, regulations, and standards regarding individual potable water supplies and on-site waste disposal systems shall also be adhered to.

SECTION 15.02: LAND USE INTENSITY

Land Use Intensity (LUI) is a measure of the magnitude and potential negative impact of a land use on the environment and neighboring land uses. All principal land uses permitted by this Ordinance have been assigned a land use intensity class number. The class number is designated under the *LUI Column, Section 15.05, Principal Uses Permitted in Districts, on the Use vs. District Nomograph.* Since performance is the basic concept of this Ordinance, all land uses are classified and separated on the basis of the type and degree of nuisance or negative impact they are likely to impose on neighboring uses. The range of LUI classes open to a specific use does not affect whether that use can be located on a lot, but only how it can develop on that lot. Each LUI class is comprised of uses, which when developed to a specified permitted maximum intensity, have similar nuisance values. The individual zoning districts control whether or not a specific use can locate and develop on a lot in that district, and the LUI class standards designate the degree of protection required for adjacent uses.

SECTION 15.03: <u>PERMITTED, PERMISSIBLE, AND NON-PERMITTED</u> <u>USES</u>

A. PRINCIPAL USES PERMITTED BY RIGHT

A Principal Use listed in Section 15.55, Principal Uses Permitted in Districts, Use vs. District Nomograph, in any district denoted by the letter "Y" is a use permitted by right, provided that all other requirements of federal, state, county, and local law and this Ordinance have been met and further provided that a zoning compliance certificate has been issued in accordance with Article 26, Administration and Enforcement, Section 26.05, Zoning Compliance Permit.

SECTION 15.03: PERMITTED, PERMISSIBLE, AND NON-PERMITTED USES - (Cont.)

B. SPECIAL USE PERMITS

A principal use listed in Article 15, Principal Uses Permitted in Districts, Section 15.05, Table 15, Use vs. District Nomograph, may be permitted as a Special Land Use in any district denoted by the letter "S", "S*", "S**", or by "Y*" provided that the requirements of Articles 16, Detailed Use Regulations, and Article 17, Special Land Uses, have also been met. The letter "S*" refers to uses allowable on lots abutting the West side of Ontario Street between Fair and Beaudoin. The letter "S**" refers to uses allowable on lots abutting the north side of Bancroft Street West of Woodridge. The letter "Y*" refers to Land Uses proposed within the DD, when located adjacent with existing Residential Land Use, and/or Residential Zoning Districts which require a public hearing as specified in Section 17.04 A.

C. TEMPORARY USE PERMITS

A principal use may be allowed under a temporary or a specific temporary use permit as designated by the letter "T" or "SK" in Article 15, Principal Uses Permitted in Districts, Section 15.05, Table 15, Use vs. District Nomograph, and must conform to all requirements of this Ordinance and as designated in Article 16, Detailed Use Regulations, Sections 16.05, Temporary Uses, 16.06, Specific Temporary Uses Permitted, and 16.07, Additional Regulations.

D. ACCESSORY USE PERMITTED

An Accessory Use is a land use whose purpose is incidental and subordinate to the allowed use of the land and is allowable by right within the individual districts provided that all other requirements of federal, state, and local law, and Article 16, Detailed Use Regulations, Sections 16.03, Accessory Uses, and Section 16.04, Detailed Accessory Use Regulations, of this Ordinance have been met, and further provided that a zoning compliance certificate has been issued in accordance with Article 26, Administration and Enforcement, Section 26.03, Zoning Compliance Certificate.

E. PRINCIPAL USES NOT PERMITTED

A principal use specified in Article 15, Principal Uses Permitted in Districts, Section 15.05, Table 15, on the Use vs. District Nomograph, is not permitted if the District column remains blank.

F. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER ARTICLES

Uses permitted by right or under a special or temporary land use permit shall be subject to all criteria and other regulations as are specified herein and in other articles of this Ordinance.

SECTION 15.03: <u>PERMITTED</u>, <u>PERMISSIBLE</u>, <u>AND</u> <u>NON-PERMITTED</u> <u>USES</u> – (Cont.)

G. SOLAR ENERGY AND WIND ENERGY SYSTEMS PERMITTED

Solar Energy and Wind Energy Systems may be permitted <mark>as a permitted use or a</mark> Special Land Use in designated districts. Refer to *Article 16 Section 16.10 Alternative Energy* for detailed use regulations.

H. PARCEL COMPLIANCE

Although a principal use may be indicated as permitted by right or by a special use permit in a particular district, it does not follow that the same such principal use is permitted by right or by special use permit on every parcel in the district. General land uses and minimum performance standards have been developed for each zoning district and are specified in the Schedule of District Regulations and Minimum Performance Standards, Article 19, Performance Requirements, Section 19.13 through 18.20. A principal use is not permitted on any parcel unless it can be located thereon in full compliance with all of the required performance standards as applicable to the specific use and zoning district in which it is located. (See Article 19, Performance Requirements, Section 19.13 through 19.20, Schedule of District Regulations and Minimum Performance Standards.)

SECTION 15.04: PRINCIPAL USES OUTLINED

Principal land uses are outlined in Article 15, Principal Uses Permitted in Districts, Section 15.05 Table 15, Use vs. District Nomograph. Except as otherwise provided by law or in this Ordinance, no building, structure, or land shall be used or occupied except in the zoning district indicated and for the purposes permitted in said Section. Principal land uses not specified in the Use vs. District Nomograph are not necessarily excluded. However, a formal appeal for review and determination by the Zoning Board of Appeals regarding a specific land use may be required prior to approval of the use in question. (See Article 24, Zoning Board of Appeals, Section 24.04, Administrative Review.) Principal uses italicized in the following nomograph are subject to detailed use regulations specific to these uses as set forth in Article 16.

SRScenic Residential	SBSegregated Business
RRRural Residential	LUILand Use Intensity Number
URUrban Residential	YPermitted by Right With Accessory Use
DDDevelopment District	SSpecial Use Permit Required
GBGeneral Business	TTemporary Use Permit Required
RPResource Production	SKSpecific Temporary Use Permit Required
FRForest Recreation	AAccessory Use
Y*Land Uses proposed within the DD,	when located adjacent with existing Residential Land
Use, and/or Residential Zoning Dist	ricts, shall require a public hearing (see Section 17.04
A.) S* Allowable on Lots Abutting th	e West Side of Ontario St. Between Fair and Beaudoin.
S** Allowable on Lots Abutting Werner	St. West of Ontario St. and on Lots Abutting the North

Side of Bancroft St. West of Woodridge

USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS							
AGRICULTURE		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP
Apiary	I								Y
Fish Hatchery	II	Y							Y
Grain	I								Y
Horse Stables (Private)	II		A/ S	A/ S		S			Y
Intensive Agricultural Activity	VI								S
Light Agricultural Activity	I		S	S					Y
Poultry – Private	II		A/ S	A/ S					Y
Traditional Agricultural Activity	II								Y
AGRICULTURAL SUPPORT									
Agriculture Implement Sales/Service	IV							S	
Auction Livestock	V							S	
Cider Mill	IV						Y	S	Y
Dairy Products Processing & Sales	V					S	Y	S	S
Feed & Grain Sales	IV					S	Y		
Food Processing & Packaging Plants	V					S	S	Y	
Fruit & Vegetable Market	IV					Y	Y		

Section 15.05: Table 15 USE VS. DISTRICT NOMOGRAPH

SR	Scenic Residential	SB	Segregated Business
RR	Rural Residential	LUI	Land Use Intensity Number
UR	Urban Residential	Υ	Permitted by Right With Accessory Use
DD	Development District	S	Special Use Permit Required
GB	General Business	Т	Temporary Use Permit Required
RP	Resource Production	SK	Specific Temporary Use Permit required
FRFo	prest Recreation	Α	Accessory Use
Y*L	and Uses proposed within the DD,	, when locat	ed adjacent with existing Residential Land
L	lse, and/or Residential Zoning Dist	tricts, shall re	equire a public hearing (see Section 17.04
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USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS					JI ZONI		
AGRICULTURAL SUPPORT (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP
Poultry/Egg Sales on Site	IV								Y
Produce Sales – Seasonal On Site	IV					Y			Т
Produce Sales – Seasonal Off Site	IV					SK			SK
COMMERCIAL & ENTERTAINMENT									
Adult Sexually Explicit Entertainment	V						S		
Amphitheaters	V	S				Y*	Y		
Antique Sales	V				S*	Y*	Y		
Appliances, Sales/Repair/Service	V					Y*	Y		
Art Gallery, Commercial	IV				S*	Y	Y		
Art Supply Store	V					Y*	Y		
Auction House	V					Y*	Y		
Auditorium, Concert/Exhibit Halls Indoor	V					Y*	Y		
Barber/Beauty Shop	IV				S*	Y	Y		
Bakery, Retail	V					Y*	Y		
Banking Institutions	IV				S*	Y	Y		
Bicycle Sales/Repair	V				S*	Y*	Y		
Blueprinting & Photostat Shop	IV					Y	Y		

Section 15.05: Table 15 USE VS. DISTRICT NOMOGRAPH

SRScenic Residential	SBSegregated Business
RRRural Residential	LUILand Use Intensity Number
URUrban Residential	YPermitted by Right With Accessory Use
DDDevelopment District	SSpecial Use Permit Required
GBGeneral Business	TTemporary Use Permit Required
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FR Forest Recreation	AAccessory Use
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Use, and/or Residential Zoning	Districts, shall require a public hearing (see Section 17.04
A.) (Amend. 02-20-07)	· · · · · · · · ·
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USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS							
COMMERCIAL & ENTERTAINMENT (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP
Bookstore	V				S*	Y*	Y		
Bowling Alley	V					Y*	Y		
Catalog Sales Office or Mail Order	V					Y*	Y		
Catering Services	V					Y*	Y		
Christmas Tree Sales	IV				SK	SK	Y		Y
Cleaning/Dyeing Retail	V					Y*	Y		
Clothes Store	V					Y*	Y		
Club, Private (Indoor)	V				S*	Y*	Y		S
Department Store	V					Y*	Y		
Dog Obedience School/Grooming	V					Y*	Y		Y
Drug Store	V					Y*	Y		
Dry Cleaning Store	V					Y*	Y		
Dry Goods Store	V					Y*	Y		
Floor Covering Sales	V					Y*	Y		
Florist Sales	V					Y*	Y		
Funeral Home, Mortuary	V					Y*	Y		
Furniture Sales, Retail	IV					Y*	Y		
Garden Supply Center	V				S*	Y*	Y		

	Section 15.05: Table 15	USE VS. DISTRICT NOMOGRAPH
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USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS							
COMMERCIAL & ENTERTAINMENT (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP
Gift Shop	V				S*	Y*	Y		
Grocery Store/Supermarket	V					Y*	Y		
Hardware Store,	V					Y*	Y		
Hotel, Motel	V					Y*	Y		
Ice Cream Sales	V				S*	Y*	Y		
Kennel, Commercial	V						S	Y	S
Laundromat	V					Y*	Y		
Liquor Store	V					Y*	Y		
Lodge for Fraternal Orders	III					Y	Y		
Magazine and News Store	V					Y*	Y		
Mobil Home Sales	V					Y*	Y		
Nursery/Greenhouse, Retail	IV					Y*	Y		S
Office Equipment-Sales/Service/Repair	V					Y*	Y		
Pawn Shop	V					Y*	Y		
Pet Shop	V					Y*	Y		
Photography Studio	V					Y*	Y		
Plumbing Supplies/Sales	V					Y*	Y		
Printing/Photocopy Service	V					Y*	Y		

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USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS				5			
COMMERCIAL & ENTERTAINMENT (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP
Repair Stores	V					Y*	Y		
Retail Stores	V					Y*	Y		
Restaurant – Sit Down	V				S*	Y*	Y		
Restaurant – Fast Food	V					Y*	Y		
Shopping Center	V					Y*	Y		
Sign Shop	V					Y*	Y		
Souvenir, Curio, Sales	V				S*	Y*	Y		
Sporting Goods, Sales, Rental	V	S				Y*	Y		
Tailor Shop	IV					Y	Y		
Teen Club	V				S*	Y*	Y		
Theaters (Indoor)	V					Y*	Y		
Travel Agency	V					Y*	Y		
Water Softening Equipment Sales/Service	V					Y*	Y		
Warehouse Store	V					Y*	Y		
COMMERCIAL OFFICE									
Clinic, Dental/Medical	IV					Y	Y		
Laboratory Dental/Medical Clinic	IV					Y	Y		
Office (General)	IV					Y	Y		

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USE	LUI	JI ZONING DISTR							
COMMERCIAL OFFICE (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP
Professional Offices	IV					Y	Y		
Real Estate Office	IV		SK	SK	SK	Y	Y	SK	SK
Union Hall	III					Y	Y		
Any Above Offices GFA<5,000 S.F. As per Sec. 17.04 Item B(1) Requirements						S	Y		
FORESTRY									
Governmental	I	Y							Y
Commercial	I	Y							Y
Non-Commercial	I	Y	S	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
HEAVY INDUSTRY									
Airport	VI								S
Batch Plant for Road Construction	VI					SK		Y	SK
Bulk Material Storage (Outdoor)	VI							Y	
Bulk Material Storage (Indoor) See Light Industry									
Extraction of Earth Products	VI	SK				S		Y	SK
Grain Elevators	VI							S	
Junkyard	VI							S	
Landfill, Sanitary	VI							S	
Machinery Storage (Unenclosed)	V							Y	

Section 15.05: Table 15 USE VS. D	STRICT NOMOGRAPH
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FR Forest Recreation	AAccessory Use
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USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS								
HEAVY INDUSTRY (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP	
Manufacturing	VI							Y		
Meat Packing/Slaughterhouse	VI							Y		
Mining	VI							S	Y	
Paint/Wallpaper Plants	VI							Y		
Paper/Pump Mill	VI							Y		
Rail/Truck Terminal	VI						S	Y		
Refinery	VI							Y		
Rental of Construction Equipment (Heavy)	V						S	Y		
Salvage or Scrap Yard, Recycling Centers	VI							S		
Saw Mill	VI	SK						Y	S	
Warehouse: See Bulk Material Storage										
Wholesaling: See Bulk Material Storage										
Wood Processing	VI							Y	S	
LIGHT INDUSTRY										
Airfields, Private	V							Y	S	
Boatworks, Custom Building/Repair/Storage	IV					S	S	Y		
Building Materials Sales Yard	V					Y*	Y			
Bulk Materials Storage (Indoor)	V					Y*	Y	Y		

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A.)

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USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS							
LIGHT INDUSTRY (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP
Contractor, General:									
Equipment Sheds	V			SK	SK	S	S	Y	SK
Equipment Storage (Outdoor)	V						S	Y	
Office – Portable/Temporary	IV			SK	SK	SK	SK	SK	SK
Yard	V					S	S	Y	
Dry Cleaning Plant	V					S		Y	
Exterminating and Fumigating Shop	V					S	S	Y	
Food Warehousing	V					Y*	Y	Y	
Food Processing & Packaging Plants	V					S	S	Y	
Fuel – Above Ground Storage of Flammable:									
Liquids/Gases	V					S	Y	Y	
Firewood Sales	IV	SK	SK	SK	SK	SK	Y	Y	Y
Furniture & Upholstery Stripping/Refinishing & Repair	V					S	S	Y	
Gas, Butane, & Propane Sales	V					S	S	Y	
Laboratory, Non-Medical	V					S	S		S
Logging, Contractor/Operations:									
Equipment Sheds	V	SK						Y	Y

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USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS									
LIGHT INDUSTRY (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP		
Equipment Storage (Outdoors)	V	SK						Y	Y		
Office	V	SK				S		Y	Y		
Yard	V	SK						Y	Y		
Decking Area	V	SK						Y	Y		
Manufacturing, Light	V						S	Y			
Machinery Storage (Yard)	V						S	Y			
Mini-Warehouses (Storage)	V					S	S	Y			
Monument Works	V					Y*	Y				
Ornamental Iron Work Shop	V					S	S	Y			
Printing Shop	V					Y*	Y				
Refinishing Shop	V					Y*	Y	Y			
Rental of Equipment (Light)	V					Y*	Y	Y			
Scientific Research Facilities	V	S				S	S	Y	S		
Septic Tank Sales/Service	V					S	Y	Y			
Trade Shops: Blacksmithing, Welding, Heating/Plumbing/Electrical, Carpentry, Etc.	V					Y*	Y	S			
Truck Terminal	VI							Y			
Veterinary Clinic (Fully Enclosed)	V	S				Y*	Y	Y	S		
Warehouse: See Bulk Material Storage											

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RPResource Production	SKSpecific Temporary Use Permit Required
FRForest Recreation	AAccessory Use
V* Land Uses proposed within the DD	when located adjacent with existing Pesidential Land Lise

Y*....Land Uses proposed within the DD, when located adjacent with existing Residential Land Use, and/or Residential Zoning Districts, shall require a public hearing (see Section 17.04 A.)
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	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS							
LIGHT INDUSTRY (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP
Well Drilling Service	V					Y*	Y	Y	
Wholesaling: See Bulk Material Storage									
Windmill Farm	VI							Y	S
MARIJUANA FACILITIES AND ESTABLISHMENTS									
Medical Marijuana Grower, Class A, B, or C	Ш						S	S	S
Adult Use (Recreational) Marijuana Grower, Class A, B or C	Ш						S	S	S
Adult Use (Recreational) Marijuana Excess Grower	V							S	S
Medical Marijuana Processor	V						S	S	
Adult Use (Recreational) Marijuana Processor	V						S	S	S
Medical Marijuana Secure Transporter	V						S	S	S
Adult Use (Recreational) Marijuana Transporter	V						S	S	S
Medical Marijuana Safety Compliance Facility	V						S	S	S
Adult Use (Recreational) Marijuana Safety Compliance Facility	V						S	S	S
Medical Marijuana Provisioning Center	V					S	S		
Adult Use (Recreational) Marijuana Retailer	V					S	S		
Adult Use (Recreational) Marijuana Microbusiness	V						S	S	
Adult Use (Recreational) Marijuana Event Organizer	IV					S	S		
PUBLIC SERVICE									

Side of Bancroft St. West of Woodridge

Emergency Services Center	III	S	S	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Park and Ride	V					S	S		
Utility, Facilities (Local or Minor)	II	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Utility, Facilities (Regional or Major)	V	S				S	S	S	S
Utility, Service Centers	IV	S				S	S	Y	
Wireless Communication Facilities	VI	S		S	S	S	S	Y	S
RECREATION/COMMERCIAL									
Amusement Parks	V					S	S		
Archery Range (Indoor)	V	S				Y*	Y		
Archery Range (Outdoor)	V	S		S		S			S
Carnival/Circus	V	S				SK	SK		SK
Concerts (Outdoor)	V	S				SK	SK		SK
Drive-In Theater	V					S			
Fairground	V	S				S			
Firearm Shooting Range – Indoor	V	S				S	S		
State or County Recreation Building	Ш	Y							Y
Section 15.05: Table 15	USE V	S. DIS	TRICT	NON	OGR	APH			

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S^{*}......Allowable on Lots Abutting the West Side of Ontario St. Between Fair and Beaudoin. S^{**}......Allowable on Lots Abutting Werner St. West of Ontario St. and on Lots Abutting the North Side of Bancroft St. West of Woodridge

USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS								
RECREATION/COMMERCIAL (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP	
Firearm Shooting Range – Outdoor	V	S							S	
Go-Kart Racetrack	V					S	S			

IV					Y*	S		
Ξ	S							Y
V		S						Y
V						S		
V					Y*	S		
IV	S				Y	S		
V	S	S	S		S	S	S	S
V	S	S	S		S	S	S	S
III					Y	S		
III	S	S	S	S	Y			Y
III	S	S						Y
	S	S	S		S	S		S
IV					Y*	Y		
	III V V IV IV III III III III	III S V V V S V S V S III S	III S V S V I V I V S V S V S V S V S V S IV S III S III S III S III S III S	III S I V S S V S I V I I V S I IV S S V S S IV S S IV S S III I I III S S III S S III S S III S S	III S I V S I V S I V I I V I I V S I IV S S V S S V S S IV S S V S S III I I III S S S III S S S III S S S III S S S	III S I I V S I I V S I I V I I I V I I Y* IV S S S Y V S S S S V S S S S V S S S S V S S S S III S S S Y III S S S S III S S S S III S S S S III S S S S	III S I I I V S I I I V S I I S V I I I S V I I I S V S I Y* S IV S I Y* S IV S S S S S V S S S S S S V S S S S S S V S S S S S S V S S S S S S III S S S S Y S III S S S S S S III S S S S S S	III S I I I V S I I I I V S I I S I I V S I Y* S I I I V I I Y* S I I I I IV S I Y* S I </td

Section 15.05: Table 15 USE VS. DISTRICT NOMOGRAPH

SRScenic Residential	SBSegregated Business
RRRural Residential	LUILand Use Intensity Number
URUrban Residential	YPermitted by Right With Accessory Use
DDDevelopment District	SSpecial Use Permit Required
GBGeneral Business	TTemporary Use Permit Required
RPResource Production	SKSpecific Temporary Use Permit Required
FR Forest Recreation	AAccessory Use

Y*....Land Uses proposed within the DD, when located adjacent with existing Residential Land Use, and/or Residential Zoning Districts, shall require a public hearing (see Section 17.04 A.)

S*.....Allowable on Lots Abutting the West Side of Ontario St. Between Fair and Beaudoin.

S**.....Allowable on Lots Abutting Werner St. West of Ontario St. and on Lots Abutting the North Side of Bancroft St. West of Woodridge

USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS								
RECREATION INDOOR/OUTDOOR (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP	
Ice Skating Rinks (Outdoor)	Ш	Y	Y		S	S	S		Y	

	1					1		1	
Indoor Recreation (<5,000 s.f.)	III	S	S			Y	Y		
Nature Areas/Open Space	I	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y
Park (Public/Private)	П	S	S	S	S	Y	S		Y
Playground	Ш	S	S	S	S	S	S		Y
Pool Public (Indoor/Outdoor)	=	S	S		S	S	S		Y
Ski Areas	Ш	Y	S			S			Y
Tennis Courts (Public-Outdoor)	Ш	S	S	S	S	S	S		Y
Trails (Non-motorized)	Ш	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
RECREATIONAL RENTAL DWELLING									
Cabin/Camp/Cottage	I								Y
Campgrounds	III	S				S			Y
Resort	III					S			Y
REGIONAL/OTHER SHOPPING CENTER									
Regional/Other Center	V					Y*	Y		
RESIDENTIAL DWELLING									
Cabin, Camp, Cottage (Seasonal)	I	S	S						Y

Section 15.05: Table 15 USE VS. DISTRICT NOMOGRAPH

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GBGeneral Business	TTemporary Use Permit Required
RPResource Production	SKSpecific Temporary Use Permit Required
FRForest Recreation	AAccessory Use
Y*Land Uses proposed within the DD,	when located adjacent with existing Residential Land
Use, and/or Residential Zoning Dist	ricts, shall require a public hearing (see Section 17.04
A.)	
S [*] Allowable on Lots Abutting the Wes	t Side of Ontario St. Between Fair and Beaudoin.
S**Allowable on Lots Abutting Werner	St. West of Ontario St. and on Lots Abutting the North
Side of Bancroft St. West of Wood	ridge
S***Allowable by Special Use only with	in the Scenic Residential (SR) District (2 Acre Minimum)

USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS								
RESIDENTIAL DWELLING (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP	
Duplex	II				S	Y				

Model Home/Unit	IV			SK	SK	SK		
Multi-Family				•••	S**	Y	S	
Rooming House	111					S	Y	
Single-Family Attached	11		Y		S	Y		
Single-Family Detached (>40,000 S.F. Lot)	I		S** *	Y	Y	Y		S
Single-Family Detached (<40,000 S.F. Lot)	II			S	Y	Y		
SPECIAL RESIDENTIAL & INSTITUTIONAL								
Adult Foster Care Congregate Facility	Ш		S		S**	Y		
Adult Foster Care Family Home	П		Y	Y	Y	Y		S
Adult Foster Care Large Group Home	Ш		Y		S**	Y		
Adult Foster Care Small Group Home	Ш		Y		S**	Y		
Bed & Breakfast – Large	Ш		S			Y*	Y	S
Bed & Breakfast – Small	11		S	S	S	Y	Y	Y
Camp, Day or Youth	IV	S				S		S
Cemetery	Ш					S		Y
Child Care Center/Day Care Center/Nursery School	IV				S**	Y*	Y	

Section 15.05: Table 15 USE VS. DISTRICT NOMOGRAPH

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Y*Land Uses proposed within the DD, v	when located adjacent with existing Residential Land
Use, and/or Residential Zoning Distr	icts, shall require a public hearing (see Section 17.04
A.)	
S*Allowable on Lots Abutting the West	t Side of Ontario St. Between Fair and Beaudoin.

S**......Allowable on Lots Abutting Werner St. West of Ontario St. and on Lots Abutting the North Side of Bancroft St. West of Woodridge

USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS								
SPECIAL RESIDENTIAL & INSTITUTIONAL (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP	
Church/Worship Centers	Ш		Y	S	S	Y	Y		S	

Community Center (Public)	V		Y		S	Y*			
Convent/Monastery			Y	S	S	Y	Y		Y
Cultural & Education Center	V	S				Y	S		
Foster Family Group Home				Y	Y	Y			S
Family Day Care Home				Y	Y	Y			S
Group Day Care Home					S	Y	Y		
Halfway House/Recovery Rehabilitation						Y			
Home for the Aged					S**	Y			
Hospital	V					Y*	Y		
Library	III				Y	Y	Y		
Mobile Home Park	III					S			
Museum	III					Y	Y		
Nursing Home/Convalescent Home	III				S**	S			
Post Office						Y	Y		
Prison/Correctional Facility	VI							S	S
Religious Retreat									Y

Section 15.05: Table 15 USE VS. DISTRICT NOMOGRAPH

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RPResource Production	SKSpecific Temporary Use Permit Required
FRForest Recreation	AAccessory Use
	when located adjacent with existing Residential Land
Use, and/or Residential Zoning Dist	ricts, shall require a public hearing (see Section 17.04
A.)	
-	st Side of Ontario St. Between Fair and Beaudoin.
•	St. West of Ontario St. and on Lots Abutting the North
Side of Bancroft St. West of Wood	ridge

USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS							
SPECIAL RESIDENTIAL & INSTITUTIONAL (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP
Schools Public/Private	IV		S		S	S	S		

Motorcycle: See Vehicle								
Marine Sales & Service	V				Y*	Y		
Gasoline Service Station	V			S*	S	S		
Garden Supply Center	V			S*	Y*	Y		
Dance Hall	V				Y*	Y		
Convenience Store	V			S	Y*	Y		
Commercial Garage	V					S		
Bus: See Vehicle								
Billiard Parlor	V				Y*	Y		
Automobile: See Vehicle								
Arcades	V				Y*	Y		
ROAD SERVICE, VEHICLE SALE AND SERVICE, AND FAST FOOD								
Tiny Home (See Section 16.12)		S	S	S				S
Tent Meeting	IV				SK			SK
Shelter, Temporary	III		SK	SK	SK	SK	SK	SK
Seminary, Theological	III		S	S	Y*	Y		Y

Section 15.05: Table 15 USE VS. DISTRICT NOMOGRAPH

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RPResource Production	SKSpecific Temporary Use Permit Required
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Y*Land Uses proposed within the DD,	when located adjacent with existing Residential Land
Use, and/or Residential Zoning Dist	ricts, shall require a public hearing (see Section 17.04
A.)	
S [*] Allowable on Lots Abutting the We	st Side of Ontario St. Between Fair and Beaudoin.
S** Allowable on Lots Abutting Werner	St. West of Ontario St. and on Lots Abutting the North

S**.....Allowable on Lots Abutting Werner St. West of Ontario St. and on Lots Abutting the North Side of Bancroft St. West of Woodridge

USE	LUI	ZONING DISTRICTS							
ROAD SERVICE, VEHICLE SALE AND SERVICE, AND FAST FOOD (cont.)		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP
Recreational Vehicle: See Vehicle									

Tavern, Night Club, Bar	V			Y*	Y	
Truck: See Vehicle						
Vehicle: Sales, Service, Repair, Parts & Supply	V			Y*	Y	

USE	LUI			ZC	ONING	G DIST	FRICT	S	
ALTERNATIVE ENERGY		FR	SR	RR	UR	DD	GB	SB	RP
Solar Energy Systems (SES)									
Accessory-Use SES		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Large Principal-Use SES	III	<mark>S</mark>				<mark>S</mark>	<mark>S</mark>	<mark>S</mark>	<mark>S</mark>
Small Principal-Use SES	l	<mark>S</mark>				<mark>S</mark>	<mark>S</mark>	<mark>S</mark>	<mark>S</mark>
(SWES) Small Wind Energy System	III	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
(MWES) Medium Wind Energy System	V	S		S		S	S	S	S
(LWES) Large Wind Energy System	VI	S						S	S
(MET) Meteorological Tower	III	S		SK	SK	SK	SK	SK	SK

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ARTICLE 16: DETAILED USE REGULATIONS

SECTION 16.01: PURPOSE

The purpose of this Article is to specify detailed regulations, including bulk, layout, yard size, and lot area, that apply to specific land uses. Standards over and above those imposed by other sections of this Ordinance are necessary for certain land uses which, although permitted as of right or allowable as special uses in certain districts have characteristics that might have negative impacts on nearby uses without these additional regulations. This Article also specifies the regulations applicable to temporary and accessory uses. The Reclamation of Mineral Mining Lands, Act P.A. 92 of 1970, amended, shall be supplemental to applicable provisions of this Ordinance.

SECTION 16.02: SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN PERMITTED USES

In addition to compliance with other regulations imposed by this Ordinance, the following standards are required of the specific uses as noted.

GOLF DRIVING RANGE

- 1. The site plan required pursuant to *Article 18*, *Site Plan Review*, shall show the layout of property and indicate the location of all driving ranges, fairways, roughs, putting greens, fences, structures, and parking areas.
- 2. Accessory uses permitted shall be limited to a refreshment stand, a maintenance shed, a miniature golf course, and a pro shop.

JUNK, SCRAP, OR SALVAGE YARDS

- 1. The site plan required pursuant to Article 18, Site Plan Review, shall show the location of all buildings and the location of storage areas designed or used for automobiles and other vehicles, parts, lubricants, fuel, and other storage.
- 2. Outdoor displays for sale or storage of vehicles shall not be located within a street right-of-way.
- 3. All lubricant and fuel oil substances which are to be stored on the site shall be stored with all necessary precautions taken to prevent their leakage and/or surface or subsurface drainage into the water table, streams, creeks, or other bodies of water. A plan detailing how materials will be stored shall be submitted with the application for a zoning compliance certificate.

- 4. All hazardous materials shall be stored in a safe manner and, whenever a permit is required by federal, state, county, or local ordinances, it shall be mandatory for the owner/agent to obtain the necessary permit(s).
- 5. Bufferyards and screening requirements shall be in accordance with Article 19, Performance Requirements and the Schedule of District Regulations and Minimum Performance Standards as outlined for each specific district in Section 19.13 through Section 19.20, inclusive. In addition, all junk, scrap, and/or salvage yard operations shall be obscured from public view along adjacent road right-of-ways as well as from abutting properties.

OUTDOOR THEATER, DRIVE-IN THEATER

Accessory uses permitted shall be limited to the use by patrons of the principal use. Accessory uses shall be limited to a refreshment/souvenir stand or booth, restroom, and a tot lot.

EMERGENCY SERVICE CENTERS

Because of their necessity, emergency service centers are permitted in all zoning districts. If the Township Zoning Administrator determines that the use may cause either a possible hazard to nearby residents, passersby, or an interference with the development, use, or enjoyment of surrounding property, fencing and/or screening with densely planted materials shall be required to a greater extent than the required buffer strip.

ALL ROAD SERVICE USES

- 1. Any outside display of vehicles or other merchandise for sale or storage shall not be located within any street or highway right-of-way.
- 2. All activities involving the production, processing, cleaning, servicing, testing, or repair of material, goods, or products shall conform to all applicable requirements of this Ordinance.
- 3. All repair, painting, and body work activities shall take place within a building.
- 4. All damaged and/or dismantled vehicles shall be visually screened from the view of adjacent properties and public rights-of-way.

MOBILE HOME PARKS

Mobile Home Parks shall be developed in accordance with the applicable standards and regulations of the State of Michigan Mobile Home Commission and with the applicable provisions of this Ordinance, including those of Article 19, Performance Requirements, Sections 19.04 and 19.05 and subject to Planning Commission review and approval.

FUEL/SERVICE STATIONS

- 1. All services except fuel sales shall be performed within a completely enclosed building.
- 2. Within seventy-five (75) feet of a residential use, a fuel/service station shall store all refuse and vehicle parts within a completely enclosed building or within an area which is visually screened from the view of residences.

TWO OR MORE SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED DWELLINGS ON A LOT

Two or more single family detached dwellings are permitted on a lot, subject to the following conditions:

- Each such dwelling be allotted no less than the minimum site (lot) area, site (lot) width, front, rear, and side yards required of a single family detached dwelling on a single lot in the zoning district in which such dwellings are located, or are to be located, and;
- 2. A plot plan, complying with submittal requirements specified in Article 18, Site Plan Review, Section 18.03: Required Plan Approvals, A. Plot Plans, be submitted to, and be approved by the Zoning Administrator for lots proposed to contain fewer than five such dwellings not necessitating the dedication or use of a new public or private street, right-of-way or access easement, or;
- 3. A site plan, complying with:
 - a. Submittal requirements specified in Article 18, Site Plan Review, Section 18.06: Required Information;
 - b. General Standards for Site Plan Approval specified in Article 18, Site Plan Review, Section 18.07: General Standards for Site Plan Approval, and;
 - c. Applicable improvements and design standards provisions of the Charter Township of Marquette Subdivision Ordinance except that any existing or proposed private street or road is not subject to Marquette County Road Commission Standards;

Shall be submitted to the Planning Commission and be subject to its approval, for lots proposed to contain five or more such dwellings and for lots proposed to contain fewer than five such dwellings which necessitate or will necessitate, the dedication of a new public or private street, right-of-way, or access easement.

EXTRACTION OF EARTH PRODUCTS

1. Intent

Extraction of earth products includes the extraction and processing of iron ore, copper, gravel, sand, stone, gypsum, peat, topsoil, silver, gold, uranium, and/or other minerals. It is the intent of these regulations to:

- a. Provide for proper environmental management during the site planning, operational and reclamation stages of the mineral extraction process;
- b. Provide the Township with information important to overall planning and orderly economic growth, and;
- c. Provide for the right to extract mineral deposits where located.

2. Exemptions

The following shall not require an application for a mineral extraction permit:

- a. Any active mining operation at the date of enactment of this Ordinance to continue mineral extraction from existing holes or shafts, which may be enlarged on the land constituting the site on the effective date of this Ordinance. This exemption does not apply to new holes or shafts.
- b. An extraction of less than five hundred (500) cubic yards of minerals from a parcel.
- c. Site development preparation authorized by zoning compliance permit.

3. <u>Permit Application and Review Procedure</u>

No mineral extraction shall be undertaken without first obtaining a mineral extraction permit from the Planning Commission, and upon payment of a reasonable fee established by the Township. A zoning compliance permit shall also be obtained pursuant to Sections 26.03 and 26.04. The Zoning Administrator, upon receipt of the completed application for mineral extraction permit, shall provide a copy of the same within forty-five (45) days (unless extended by the Zoning Administrator) to the Planning Commission for its review and action. The Planning Commission shall review the application for mineral extraction permit at a public hearing to be scheduled an in accordance with applicable provisions of Section 17.04 and 17.05 and in accordance with the provisions of Section 16.02, 1, and approve, approve with conditions, or reject the mineral extraction permit with explanation. If any of the application information is available in the form of an environmental impact assessment or other appropriate documents which are required to be submitted to various county, state, and/or federal agencies, a copy of that information may be submitted in place of the following appropriate sections.

4. Application Submittal Requirements

An application for a mineral extraction permit must contain a site plan, operation plan, reclamation plan, and information regarding the status of all state or federal permits, as described herein.

The applicant shall submit the following documents, including a cover letter with the signature of the applicant or the applicant's authorized agent to the Zoning Administrator.

a. <u>Site Plan Requirements</u>

A site plan consisting of two (2) identical copies on one or more sheets at a scale adequate to illustrate the proposed operation.

- (1) A legal description of the lot; the name, address, and telephone number of the owner, developer and licensed professional(s) who prepared the plan;
- (2) Date, North Point, scale and the seal of the licensed engineer, surveyor, landscape architect, or planner who prepared the plan;
- (3) The actual dimensions of the proposed developed area (as shown by a surveyor or engineer, with the survey stakes visible) showing the relationship of the subject property to abutting properties;

- (4) The location of all existing and proposed structures on the subject property and all existing structures on land immediately adjacent to the site within 100 feet of the site's parcel lines;
- (5) The location of all existing and proposed drives and parking areas;
- (6) The location and right-of-way widths of all abutting streets and easements including required bufferyards as set forth in Section 18.04 and 18.05 of this Ordinance which shall, further, include identifiable features to protect individuals from injury, as warranted;
- (7) The location and plans for all proposed planting and fencing;
- (8) The height and floor area of all proposed building structures;
- (9) The size and location of all existing and proposed public and private utilities;
- (10) Proposed location, area extent, and estimated depth of excavation;
- (11) Proposed location of waste dumps, tailing ponds, sediment basins, stockpiles, and other permanent or temporary facilities used in mining;
- (12) The general groundwater conditions and the possible impact of mining operations upon adjacent groundwater levels and quality. The operator must identify plans to alleviate possible problems in the groundwater supply to adjacent land owners;
- (13) Any other information necessary to establish compliance with this Ordinance.

b. Operation Plan Requirements

(1) A narrative description outlining the estimated time span which the operation will cover; the type of material to be extracted; the type of mining operation and processing equipment to be used; measures to control noise, vibration, and pollution from the operation; effect on groundwater condition; proposed travel routes to be used to transport the mined material to processing plant or markets, and the proposed steps to be taken to relieve adverse effects;

- (2) A narrative description of the social and economic impact on Marquette Township including an estimate of the number of potential employees, and any changes in the present road system that might be made necessary by the proposed operation;
- (3) Bufferyards as required by applicable provisions of Article 19, Performance Requirements, Sections 19.04 and 19.05 and subject to the Planning Commission review and approval;
- (4) A description of the measures to be taken to assure that any dangerous excavations, pits, pond areas, banks or slopes be adequately guarded or fenced and posted with signs to prevent injury to individuals;
- (5) Identify plans for utilities, access roads, drainage, traffic plans, and other site improvements showing appropriate measures that have been, are, or will be provided.
- c. <u>Reclamation Plan Requirements</u>

A reclamation plan shall include a map and description showing:

- Final grading, anticipated final slope angles, wall reduction, benching and terracing of slopes, slope stabilization and revegetation, and erosion control, and alternative future land uses;
- (2) Description of topsoil stripping and conservation during storage and replacement;
- (3) Plan and description of anticipated final topography, water impoundments, and artificial lakes on property;
- (4) Plans for disposition of surface structures, roads, and related facilities after cessation of mining;
- (5) A plan for disposal or treatment of any harmful or toxic materials found in any formation penetrated by the mining operations or produced during the processing of minerals, and of chemicals or materials used during the mining or processing operations;
- (6) A timetable for completion of reclamation requirements.

d. Status of Permits

A mineral extraction permit shall not be issued until the applicant has received all applicable state and federal permits.

5. General Review Standards

The Planning Commission shall review the particular facts and circumstances of each application for a mineral extraction permit in terms of the following standards and shall find adequate evidence showing that the proposed use:

- a. Will be harmonious with and in accordance with the general policies or with any specific objectives of the Comprehensive Development Plan;
- b. Will provide adequate site drainage so that waters will not adversely affect neighboring properties;
- c. Will not be hazardous or cause serious consequences to existing neighboring uses, including, but not limited to, its affect from noise, traffic, smoke, fumes, glare, or odors;
- d. Will be served adequately by essential public facilities and services;
- e. Will not create excessive additional requirements at public costs for public facilities and services and will not be detrimental to the economic welfare of the community, and;
- f. Will protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the community.

TRANSMITTING TOWERS & FACILITIES AND SPECIAL USES

1. <u>Purpose and Intent.</u>

It is the general purpose and intent of the Township to carry out the will of the United States Congress by authorizing communication facilities needed to operate wireless communication systems. However, it is the further purpose and intent of the Township to provide for such authorization in a manner which will retain the integrity of neighborhoods and the character, property values and aesthetic quality of the community at large.

In fashioning and administering the provisions of this section, attempt has been made to balance these potentially competing interests.

Recognizing the number of providers authorized to establish and operate wireless communication services and coverage, it is the further purpose and intent of this section to:

- a. Facilitate adequate and efficient provision of sites for wireless communication facilities.
- b. Establish predetermined districts or zones of the number, shape, and in the location, considered best for the establishment of wireless communication facilities, subject to applicable standards and conditions.
- c. Recognize that operation of a wireless communication system may require the establishment of facilities in locations not within the predetermined districts or zones. In such cases, it has been determined that it is likely that there will be greater adverse impact upon neighborhoods and areas within the community. Consequently, more stringent standards and conditions should apply to the review, approval and use of such facilities.
- d. Ensure that wireless communication facilities are situated in appropriate locations and relationships to other land uses, structures and buildings.
- e. Limit inappropriate physical and aesthetic overcrowding of land use activities and avoid adverse impact upon existing population, transportation systems, and other public services and facility needs.
- f. Promote the public health, safety and welfare.
- g. Provide for adequate information about plans for wireless communication facilities in order to permit the community to effectively plan for the location of such facilities.
- h. Minimize the adverse impacts of technological obsolescence of such facilities, including a requirement to remove unused and/or unnecessary facilities in a timely manner.
- i. Minimize the negative visual impact of wireless communication facilities on neighborhoods, community land marks, historic sites and buildings, natural beauty areas and public right-of-ways.

- j. This contemplates the establishment of as few structures as reasonably feasible, and the use of structures which are designed for compatibility, including the use of existing structures and the avoidance of lattice structures that are unnecessary, taking into consideration the purposes and intent of this section.
- k. The Township Board finds that the presence of numerous tower structures, particularly if located within residential areas, would decrease the attractiveness and destroy the character and integrity of the community. Therefore, it is necessary to minimize the adverse impact from the presence of numerous relatively tall tower structures having low architectural and other aesthetic appeal to most persons, recognizing that the absence of regulation would result in a material impediment to the maintenance and promotion of property values, and further recognizing that this economic component is an important part of the public health, safety and welfare.
- 2. <u>Authorization.</u>
 - a. Subject to the standards and conditions set forth in this ordinance, wireless communication facilities shall be permitted uses in the following circumstances, and in the following districts:
 - (1) Circumstances Creating Permitted Use Treatment.

In all Zoning Districts, a proposal to establish a new wireless communication facility shall be deemed a permitted use in the following circumstances, even when it is listed as a special use in Article 15 Section 15.05:

- (a) An existing structure that will serve as an Attached Wireless Communication Facility within a nonresidential zoning district, where the zoning administrator finds that the existing structure will not be either materially altered or changed in appearance.
- (b) A proposed collocation upon an Attached Wireless Communication Facility, which has been pre-approved for such collocation as part of an earlier approval by the Township.
- (c) An existing structure which will serve as an Attached Wireless Communication Facility consisting of a utility pole located within a right-of-way, where the existing pole is not proposed to be modified in a manner which would materially alter the structure and/or result in an impairment of sight lines or other safety interests.

(2) Permitted Use Districts.

Wireless communication facilities shall be a permitted use in the SB Segregated Business Districts.

- b. Wireless communication facilities shall be allowed in areas other than those identified in Subsection 16.02.J.2.a. above, only as a special land use, subject to the following:
 - (1) Any special land use application shall establish that: At the time of submittal, if there exists no site within the districts set forth in Subsection 16.02.J.2.a., which can reasonably meet the coverage and/or capacity objectives of the applicant.
 - (2) The proposed wireless communication facility is of a design which is compatible with the existing character of the proposed site, neighborhood and general area, and which is to the extent possible, designed to camouflage the wireless communication facility (e.g., within a bell tower, clock tower, in a steeple, manmade tree, or attached to the exterior of a water tower).
 - (3) All other criteria and standards set forth in this ordinance are met.
- 3. <u>General Regulations.</u>
 - a. Standards and Conditions Applicable to All Facilities.

The Planning Commission shall review all special use and site plan applications for wireless communication facilities and the applications shall be reviewed in accordance with the following standards and conditions, and, if approved, shall be constructed and maintained in accordance with such standards and conditions. The Planning Commission may have such application reviewed by an independent, licensed professional engineer, attorney or other consultant. In addition, if the facility is approved, it shall be constructed and maintained with any additional conditions imposed by the Planning Commission in its discretion:

- (1) Facilities shall not be demonstrably injurious to neighborhoods or otherwise detrimental to the public safety and welfare.
- (2) Facilities shall be located and designed to be harmonious with the surrounding area.

- (3) Wireless communication facilities shall comply with applicable federal and state standards relative to the environmental effects of radio frequency emissions. If any of these applicable standards should change then any existing wireless communication facility shall immediately be brought into compliance unless waived by controlling state and federal agency.
- (4) Applicants shall demonstrate a justification for the proposed height of the structures and an evaluation of alternative designs that might result in lower heights.
- (5) The wireless communication facility shall meet or exceed the current provisions of the National Tower Code ANSI TIA/EIA-222-F, as amended.
- (6) The following additional standards shall be met:
 - (a) The maximum height of the new or modified wireless communication support structures and antenna shall be the minimum height demonstrated to be necessary for reasonable communication by the applicant. The accessory building contemplated to enclose such things as switching equipment shall be limited to the maximum height for accessory structures within the respective district.
 - (b) The setback of the wireless communication support structure from any lot line shall be at least the height of the highest point of said wireless communication support structure and antenna(s). The setback of the wireless communication support structure(s) and antenna(s) from any existing or proposed rights-of-way or other publicly traveled roads shall be no less than the height of said wireless communications support structure and antenna(s). Any application to the Zoning Board of Appeals for a setback variance for the wireless communication support structure and its antenna(s) shall include a signed certification by a State of Michigan licensed professional engineer with regard to the matter in which the proposed structure will fall, which certification will be utilized, along with other criteria such as applicable regulations for the district in question, in determining the appropriate setback to be required for the structure and other facilities.
 - (c) The minimum setback of all principal and accessory buildings, and guy wires, shall be the more restrictive of 20 feet or the minimum required setbacks for principal buildings as provided in the schedule of regulations for the zoning district in which the wireless communication support structure is located. Guy wires may be located within the required bufferyards outside the setbacks described in this section.

- (d) There shall be unobstructed access to the support structure, for operation, maintenance, repair and inspection purposes, which may be provided through or over an easement. This access shall have a width and location determined by such factors as: the location of adjacent thoroughfares and traffic and circulation within the site; utilities needed to service the tower and any attendant facilities; the location of buildings and parking facilities; proximity to residential districts and minimizing disturbance to the natural landscape; and, the type of equipment which will need to access the site.
- (e) The division of property for the purpose of locating a wireless communication facility is prohibited unless all zoning requirements and conditions are met.
- (f) Where an attached wireless communication facility is proposed on the roof of a building, if the equipment enclosure is proposed as a roof appliance or penthouse on the building, it shall be designed, constructed and maintained to be architecturally compatible with the principal building. Equipment enclosure may be located within the principal building or may be an accessory building.
- (g) The Planning Commission shall, with respect to the design and appearance of the support structure and all principal and accessory buildings, review and approve so as to minimize distraction, reduce visibility, maximize aesthetic appearance, and ensure compatibility with surroundings. It shall be the responsibility of the applicant to maintain the wireless communication facility in a neat and orderly condition. Additionally, the wireless communication facilities shall meet the following requirements:
 - (i) They shall either maintain a galvanized steel finish or, subject to any applicable standards of the FAA, be painted a neutral color so as to reduce visual obtrusiveness.
 - (ii) The design of the buildings and related structures shall, to the extent possible, use materials, colors, textures, screening, and landscaping that will blend them into the natural setting and surrounding buildings.
 - (iii) If an antenna is installed on a structure other than a tower, the antenna and supporting electrical and mechanical equipment must be of a neutral color that is identical to, or closely compatible with, the color of the supporting structure so as to make the antenna and related equipment as visually unobtrusive as possible.

SECTION 16.02: SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN PERMITTED USES - (Cont.)

- (iv) Where a feasible alternative exist, wireless communication support structures shall not utilize a power source which generates noise able to be heard by a person of normal aural acuity at adjoining property lines or public property; however, this section shall not be construed as limiting the use of temporary generators or similar devices used to create power during periods of interruption of the primary power source.
- (h) The wireless communication facilities shall be grounded for protection against a direct lightning strike, constructed in accordance with all applicable building codes and shall include the submission of a soils report from a geotechnical engineer, licensed in the State of Michigan. This soils report includes soil borings and statements indicating the suitability of soil conditions for the proposed use. The requirements of the Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Communication Commission, and Michigan Aeronautics Commission shall be noted.
- (i) A maintenance plan, and any applicable maintenance agreement, shall be presented and approved as part of the site plan for the proposed facility. Such plans shall be designed to insure reasonable long-term maintenance of the proposed facility. The Planning Commission may require that the applicant provide yearly maintenance records or updates to insure compliance with the maintenance plan.
- (i) Signs shall not be placed on the support structure or antenna except as required by any federal, state, local or other governing body.
- (k) The wireless communication support structures and its antenna(s) shall not be artificially lighted, unless required by the FAA or other applicable authority. If the lighting is required, the lighting alternatives and design chosen must cause the least disturbance to the surrounding views.
- The wireless communication facilities shall be located so that they do not interfere with television and radio reception to neighboring residential areas.
- b. Standards and Conditions Applicable to Special Land Use Facilities.

Applications for wireless communication facilities which may be approved as special land uses under Subsection 16.02.J.2.b. above, shall be reviewed, and if approved, constructed and maintained, in accordance with the standards and conditions in this ordinance and in accordance with the following standards:

SECTION 16.02: SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN PERMITTED USES - (Cont.)

- (1) The applicant shall demonstrate the need for the proposed facility to be located as proposed based upon the presence of one or more of the following factors:
 - (a) Proximity to an interstate or major thoroughfare.
 - (b) Areas of population concentration.
 - (c) Concentration of commercial, industrial, and/or other business centers.
 - (d) Areas where signal interference has occurred due to tall buildings, masses of trees, or other obstructions.
 - (e) Topography of the proposed facility location in relation to other facilities with which the proposed facility is to operate.
 - (f) Other specifically identified reason creating facility need.
- (2) The proposal shall be reviewed in conformity with the collocation requirements of this ordinance.
- 4. Application Requirements.
 - a. A site plan prepared in accordance with Article 18 shall be submitted, showing the location, size, screening and design of all buildings and structures, including fences, and the location and size of outdoor equipment, and the location, number, and species of proposed landscaping.
 - b. The site plan shall also include a detailed landscaping plan where the support structure is being placed at a location which is not otherwise developed, or where a developed area will be disturbed. The purpose of landscaping is to provide screening and aesthetic enhancement for the structure base, accessory buildings and enclosure. In all cases, there shall be shown on the plan fencing which is required for protection of the support structure and security from children and other persons who may otherwise access facilities.
 - c. The application shall include a map showing existing and known proposed wireless communication facilities within the Township, and further showing existing and known proposed wireless communication facilities within areas surrounding the borders of the Township in the location, and in the area, which are relevant in terms of potential collocation or in demonstrating the need for the proposed facility.

SECTION 16.02: <u>SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN PERMITTED USES</u> – (Cont.)

If and to the extent the information in question is on file with the community, the applicant shall be required only to update as needed. Any proprietary information may be submitted with a request for confidentiality in connection with the development of governmental policy, in accordance with MCL 15.243(1)(g). This ordinance shall serve as the promise to maintain confidentiality to the extent permitted by law. The request for confidentiality must be prominently stated in order to bring it to the attention of the community.

- d. The name, address, and phone number of the person to contact for engineering, maintenance and other notice purposes. This information shall be continuously updated during all times the facility is on the premises.
- e. The application must be signed by the property owner(s) and their agent, if any, and all application fees must be paid at the time of submission of the application.
- 5. <u>Collocation</u>.
 - a. Statement of Policy:

It is the policy of the Township to minimize the overall number of newly established locations for Wireless Communication Facilities and Wireless Communication Support Structures within the community, and encourage the use of existing structures for Attached Wireless Communication Facility purposes, consistent with the statement of purpose and intent, set forth in Subsection 16.02.J.1. Purpose and Intent above. Each licensed provider of a Wireless Communication Facility must, by law, be permitted to locate sufficient facilities in order to achieve the objectives promulgated by the United States Congress. However, particularly in light of the dramatic increase in the number of Wireless Communication Facilities reasonably anticipated to occur as a result of the change of federal law and policy in and relating to the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, it is the policy of the Township that all users should collocate on Attached Wireless Communication Facilities and Wireless Communication Support Structures in the interest of achieving the purposes and intent of this section, as stated above, and as stated in Subsection 16.02.J.1. Purpose and Intent. If a provider fails or refuses to permit collocation on a facility owned or otherwise controlled by it, where collocation is feasible, the result will be that a new and unnecessary additional structure will be compelled, in direct violation of and in direct contradiction to the basic policy, intent and purpose of the Township. The provisions of this subsection are designed to carry out and encourage conformity with the policy of the Township, and all applicable federal, state and local laws.

SECTION 16.02: SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN PERMITTED USES - (Cont.)

b. Feasibility of Collocation:

Collocation shall be deemed to be "feasible" for purposes of this section where all of the following are met:

- (1) The wireless communication provider entity under consideration for collocation will undertake to pay market rent or other market compensation for collocation.
- (2) The site on which collocation is being considered, taking into consideration reasonable modification or replacement of a facility, is able to provide structural support.
- (3) The collocation being considered is technologically reasonable, e.g., the collocation will not result in unreasonable interference, given appropriate physical and other adjustment in relation to the structure, antennas, and the like.
- (4) The height of the structure necessary for collocation will not be increased beyond a point deemed to be permissible by the Township, taking into consideration the several standards contained in Subsections 16.02.J.2. and 16.02.J.3., above.
- c. Requirements for Collocation:
 - (1) A special land use permit for the construction and use of a new Wireless Communication Facility shall not be granted unless and until the applicant demonstrates that a feasible collocation is not available for the coverage area and capacity needs.
 - (2) All new and modified wireless communication facilities shall be designed and constructed so as to accommodate collocation.
- 6. <u>Removal.</u>
 - a. The Township reserves the right to request evidence of ongoing operation at any time after the construction of an approved tower.
 - b. A condition of every approval of a Wireless Communication Facility shall be adequate provision for removal of all or part of the facility by users and owners upon the occurrence of abandonment. Abandonment shall be presumed if the facility has not been utilized for one year, or more.

SECTION 16.02: <u>SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN PERMITTED USES</u> – (Cont.)

For purposes of this section, the removal of antennas or other equipment from the facility, or the cessation of operations (transmission and/or reception of radio signals) shall be considered as the beginning of a period of nonuse.

- c. The situations in which removal of a facility is required, as set forth in Subsection 16.02.J.6.b., may be applied to portions of a facility.
- d. Upon the occurrence of one or more of the events requiring removal, specified in Subsection 16.02.J.6.b., the property owner or persons who had used the facility shall immediately apply or secure the application for any required demolition or removal permits, and immediately proceed with and complete the demolition/removal, restoring the premises to an acceptable condition as reasonably determined by the Zoning Administrator. Prior to the removal, due notice shall be given to the property owner and the Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing.
- e. If the required removal of a facility or a portion thereof has not been lawfully completed within sixty (60) days of the applicable deadline, and after at least thirty (30) days written notice, the Township, following a hearing on the issue may remove or secure the removal of the facility or required portions thereof, with its actual cost and reasonable administrative charge to be billed to the property owner and/or placed on the tax role.

K. TRAILS (SNOWMOBILE)

The land use Trails (snowmobile) shall not be required to comply with the minimum requirements for public road access, public utilities and on site permits, which are normally required in Sections 19.13 through 19.19, unless required by another governing agency or another Charter Township of Marquette ordinance. The land use Trails (snowmobile) shall not be required to comply with the minimum lot size and width, maximum depth: width, and the minimum open space, all of which are normally required in Sections 19.13 through 18.199 These exceptions are not to be construed as applying to any buildings or other land uses on the same lot. Trails (snowmobile) shall comply with all bufferyard requirements in Sections 19.04 and 19.05, except that, trails (snowmobile) shall be a minimum of 40 feet from any lot line or easement line except where they cross into a duly authorized adjoining street right-of-way or property. Parking spaces shall not be required but any vehicular or trailer-parking area provided shall comply with Article 21 and be located outside of any street right-of-way.

SECTION 16.02: <u>SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN PERMITTED USES</u> – (Cont.)

L. TRAILS (NON-MOTORIZED)

The land use Trails (non-motorized) shall not be required to comply with the minimum requirements for public road access, public utilities and on site permits, which are normally required in Sections 20.13 through 20.19, unless required by another governing agency or another Charter Township of Marquette ordinance. Trails (non-motorized) shall not be required to comply with the minimum lot size and width, maximum depth: width, and the minimum open space, all of which are normally required in Sections 19.13 through 19.19. These exceptions are not to be construed as applying to any buildings or other land uses on the same lot. Trails (non-motorized) shall not be required to comply with all bufferyard requirements in Sections 19.04 and 19.05. Trails (non-motorized) shall be a minimum of 10 feet from any lot line or easement line except where they cross into a duly authorized adjoining street right-of-way or property. Parking spaces shall not be required but any vehicular or trailer-parking area provided shall comply with Article 21 and be located outside of any street right-of-way.

M. TRAILS (ALL TERRAIN VEHICLES)

The land use Trails (all terrain vehicles) shall not be required to comply with the minimum requirements for public road access, public utilities and on site permits, which are normally required in Sections 19.13 through 19.19, unless required by another governing agency or another Charter Township of Marquette ordinance. The land use Trails (all terrain vehicles) shall not be required to comply with the minimum lot size and width, maximum depth: width, and the minimum open space, all of which are normally required in Sections 19.13 through 19.19. These exceptions are not to be construed as applying to any buildings or other land uses on the same lot. Trails (all terrain vehicles) shall comply with all bufferyard requirements in Sections 19.04 and 19.05, except that trails (all terrain vehicles) shall be allowed to cross through a bufferyard required along a street.

Trails (all terrain vehicles) shall be a minimum of 40 feet from any lot line or easement line except where they cross into a duly authorized adjoining street right-of-way or property. Parking spaces shall not be required but any vehicular or trailer-parking area provided shall comply with Article 21 and be located outside of any street right-of-way.

SECTION 16.03: ACCESSORY USES

A. AUTHORIZATION

Except as otherwise expressly provided or limited by this Ordinance, accessory structures and uses are authorized and permitted in any zoning district in connection with any principal use lawfully existing within a district. Any question of whether a particular use is permitted as an accessory use by the provisions of this section, shall be determined by the Zoning Administrator.

SECTION 16.03: ACCESSORY USES - (Cont.)

B. COMPLIANCE

An accessory use or structure shall not be established or constructed unless a zoning compliance certificate has been issued by the Zoning Administrator in accordance with Section 25.03.

C. USE LIMITATIONS

<u>Accessory structures</u> shall include but not be limited to attached and detached garages, carports, storage sheds, and solar energy systems. In addition to complying with all other regulations, an accessory use shall not be permitted unless it complies with the following use limitations:

- 1. The principal use or structure, together with any accessory use or structure, shall not jointly exceed the land use intensity class criteria specified in *Article 19 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS*.
- 2. All signs are subject to the provisions of Article 22 SIGNS.
- 3. An accessory structure or use shall not be constructed or established on any lot prior to the time of the substantial completion of the principal structure to which it is accessory.
- 4. An accessory structure or use on any lot shall not cause the impervious surface ratio or exterior storage area to exceed the maximum standards permitted on the site by this Ordinance.
- 5. Accessory structures shall maintain the same minimum front and side yards as required for the principal structure; such structure may in part or whole be located within a required rear yard, but not closer to the rear lot line than the minimum side yard setback applicable to the lot where such structure shall be located.
- 6. An accessory structure, unless attached and structurally made a part of the principal structure, shall not be closer than ten (10) feet to any other building or structure on the lot or parcel.
- 7. Accessory structures and uses shall comply with all applicable area, bulk, and yard regulations.
- 8. In the RR and SR Districts accessory structures are restricted as follows:

The total area of all accessory buildings/ structures shall not exceed sixteen hundred (1600) sq. ft. On parcels of three (3) acres or more, the total area of all accessory buildings/ structures shall not exceed twenty-five hundred (2500) sq. ft. nor shall the combined area of all accessory buildings/ structures be larger than the square footage of the principal structure.

SECTION 16.03: ACCESSORY USES - (Cont.)

In the UR District, the total sq. ft. area of all accessory structures located on a lot or parcel, including an attached or detached garage, shall not exceed one thousand (1000) sq. ft.

 Solar Energy Systems shall not be included in accessory structure square footage allotments.

- 9. Accessory structures in the UR District containing less than 700 square feet shall maintain all of the same required setbacks as the principal structure except that the rear yard setback may be reduced to five (5) feet. Also in the UR District, accessory structures containing 700 or more square feet shall maintain the required rear yard setback for the principal structure. Any accessory structures in the RR, and the SR Districts shall maintain the required setback for the principal structure.
- 10. The maximum height of detached accessory structures in the UR, RR, and SR Zoning Districts shall not exceed eighteen (18) feet in height, as defined in Article 2, Definitions, Section 2.02, Building Height, except where restricted by other section(s) of the Zoning Ordinance. Accessory structures attached to the principal structure for permitted residential uses shall not exceed the maximum allowed height of the principal structure. Detached accessory structures, for permitted nonresidential uses, may be constructed to equal the permitted maximum height for principal structures in the respective zoning district.
- 11. Shipping containers, cargo containers, semi-trailers, and soft-sided accessory structures are prohibited.

SECTION 16.04: DETAILED ACCESSORY USE REGULATIONS

The following accessory uses and structures constitute accessory uses and structures when they comply in all respects with the standards set forth below:

A. HOME OCCUPATIONS

It is the intent of this section to regulate the operation of home occupations so that the average neighbor, under normal circumstances, will not be aware of their existence. Any resident desiring to conduct a home occupation shall initially apply for and receive a zoning compliance certificate in accordance with Article 26, Administration and Enforcement, Section 26.03, Zoning Compliance Certificate, and Section 26.04, Application Requirements for Zoning Compliance Certificates and annually thereafter apply for and receive a temporary permit, from the Zoning Administrator, subject to the following regulations:

- 1. Any occupation which is customarily, in whole or in part, conducted in a residence and not in an accessory structure, may be conducted in any dwelling unit, provided that all of the following criteria are met:
 - a. The occupation must be clearly incidental and subordinate to the use of the dwelling as a residence.

SECTION 16.04: DETAILED ACCESSORY USE REGULATIONS - (Cont.)

- b. No outdoor display or storage of materials, goods, supplies, or equipment used in the home occupation shall be permitted on the premises.
- c. There shall be no visible evidence that the residence is being operated as a home occupation.
- d. A maximum of one (1) person other than the members of the immediate family residing in the dwelling shall be employed in the home occupation.
- e. Off-street parking shall be provided on the premises, as required by Article 21 or as otherwise required under the provisions of this Ordinance.
- f. A home occupation use shall not generate nuisances such as traffic, on-street parking, noise, vibration, glare, odors, fumes, electrical interference, or hazards to any greater extent than what is usually experienced in the residential neighborhood.
- g. Such use shall be permitted only within a dwelling occupied by the proprietor and shall not utilize more than twenty (20) percent of the total floor area of a dwelling unit.
- h. No commodity other than what has been produced or processed on the premises shall be sold there.
- i. The home occupation shall not require the use of a vehicle requiring a commercial license.

B. PRIVATE STABLES AND RECREATION/COMMERCIAL STABLES

- 1. The minimum lot area for private stables shall be ten (10) acres.
 - a. When horses are fed by grazing or pasture for at least one (1) season of the year, there shall be a minimum of one (1) acre of pasture per horse.
 - b. When horses are not pastured but are fed indoors or in a dry lot, no minimum pasture area per horse shall be required.
 - c. If horses are kept inside a building, one (1) stall shall be provided for each horse. A tie down stall shall be a minimum of four (4) feet by eight (8) feet; a box stall shall be minimum of ten (10) feet by ten (10) feet.

SECTION 16.04: DETAILED ACCESSORY USE REGULATIONS - (Cont.)

- 2. The following minimum setbacks shall be provided in addition to the requirements as outlined in Article 19, Performance Requirements, Section 19.13 through Section 19.19, The Schedule of District Regulations and Minimum Performance Standards.
 - a. Stables, corrals, and piles of manure, feed, and bedding shall be located at least seventy-five (75) feet from any street or lot line, in order to minimize odor and nuisance problems. Pasture may extend to the line of a required buffer yard; however, when all of the runoff from a corral or exercise area is controlled and directed over a two-hundred (200) foot long grass swale before reaching the property line, the corral or unvegetated exercise area may be located at a minimum of forty (40) feet from any street right-of-way or lot line.
 - b. Manure piles shall be stored, removed, and/or applied in accordance with the Small Farms, Livestock Buildings and Equipment, Michigan State University Extension and Michigan Agricultural Experiment Station Bulletin No. NRAES-6/MWPS-27 regulations; however, manure shall not be applied on land that is closer than one hundred (100) feet to a residential lot line.
- 3. A one hundred (100) foot wide area of vegetation cover, exclusive of pasture area, shall be maintained between any corral, unvegetated exercise area, manure pile, or manure application area and any surface water or well, in order to minimize runoff, prevent erosion, and promote quick nitrogen absorption.
- 4. In areas with a slope of five (5) percent or less, corrals, unvegetated exercise areas, and manure piles shall be one hundred and fifty (150) feet from a well and two hundred (200) feet from any surface water, unless the water is upgrade or there is adequate diking to comply with the Marquette County Health Department Standards.
- 5. Corrals, unvegetated exercise areas, manure piles, and manure application are prohibited in areas with slopes greater than five (5) percent in ten (10) year floodplains, in waterways, and on soils classified as very poorly drained by the U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation Service Soil Survey for the Marquette-Humboldt Area, 1977.
- 6. Manure shall not be stockpiled closer than one hundred (100) feet from a well or to any surface water, unless the water is upgrade or there is adequate diking to comply with the Marquette County Health Department Standards.
- 7. Special events, such as shows, exhibitions, and contests, shall be permitted only when a zoning compliance permit has been granted. Such events are subject to the requirements of this Article as outlined in Section 16.05, Temporary Uses, and Section 16.06, Specific Temporary Uses Permitted.

SECTION 16.04: DETAILED ACCESSORY USE REGULATIONS - (Cont.)

C. PRIVATE SWIMMING POOLS AND TENNIS COURTS

- 1. Pools and Tennis courts, including but not limited to aprons, walls, and equipment rooms.
 - a. Shall not protrude into any required yard.
 - b. Shall not be operated as a business or a private club.
- 2. Additionally, pools shall be fenced or otherwise protected against intrusion.

D. GENERAL BUSINESS (GB) DWELLING UNITS

1. Dwelling unit(s) may be authorized in the General Business (GB) Zoning District, if a permitted principal use exists; but shall not exceed fifty-percent (50%) of the permitted use's gross floor area.

SECTION 16.05: TEMPORARY USES

A. AUTHORIZATION

Temporary Uses are authorized and permitted as provided for in this section and Article 15, Principal Uses Permitted in Districts, Section 15.05, the Use vs. District Nomograph.

B. COMPLIANCE

A Temporary Use shall not be established unless a Zoning Compliance Certificate has been issued.

C. USE LIMITATIONS

- 1. A principal use or structure, together with any temporary uses of structures, shall not jointly exceed the land use intensity class criteria specified in *Article XVIII*, *Performance Requirements*, or any standard contained in this Ordinance.
- 2. Signs in connection with a temporary use shall not be permitted except in accordance with the requirements of *Article 22*, *Signs*.

SECTION 16.06: SPECIFIC TEMPORARY USES PERMITTED

A. CARNIVAL OR CIRCUS

- 1. Permitted in designated districts with approval of the Zoning Administrator.
- 2. The maximum length of permit shall be fifteen (15) days.

SECTION 16.06: <u>SPECIFIC TEMPORARY USES PERMITTED</u> – (Cont.)

3. No structure or equipment shall be located within five hundred (500) feet of any residence.

B. CHRISTMAS TREE SALES

- 1. Permitted in designated districts with approval of the Zoning Administrator.
- 2. The maximum length of permit for display and open-lot sales shall be forty-five (45) days.

C. CONTRACTOR'S OFFICE AND CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT SHEDS

- 1. Such uses are permitted in any district with the approval of the Zoning Administrator where the use is incidental to a construction project. An office or shed shall not contain sleeping or cooking accommodations.
- 2. The maximum length of permit shall be one (1) year and may be renewed by written request.
- 3. An office or shed shall be removed upon completion of construction project.

D. EVENTS OF PUBLIC INTEREST

- 1. Permitted in designated districts with approval of the Zoning Administrator.
- 2. Events may include but are not limited to outdoor concerts, auctions, snowmobile events, etc.

E. REAL ESTATE SALES OFFICE

- 1. Such uses are permitted in designated districts with the approval of the Zoning Administrator for any new subdivision approved in accordance with *The Marquette Township Subdivision Control Ordinance* as a temporary sales office.
- 2. The maximum length of permit shall be one (1) year and may be renewed by written request.
- 3. The office shall be removed upon completion of the development of the subdivision, unless a model home has been used as a temporary sales office.

F. SEASONAL SALES OF FARM PRODUCTS

1. Sales are permitted in designated districts with the approval of the Zoning Administrator on parcels having a minimum area of eighty-thousand (80,000) square feet and a minimum road frontage of two hundred (200) feet.

SECTION 16.06: <u>SPECIFIC TEMPORARY USES PERMITTED</u> – (Cont.)

- 2. If the site is used for growing a minimum of fifty (50) percent of the farm produce sold, the owner or operator of the site may import a maximum of five (5) farm produce products not grown on the site for seasonal sale.
- 3. If the site has a minimum area of two hundred thousand (200,000) square feet and a minimum road frontage of three hundred (300) feet, the owner or operator of the site may import a maximum of ten (10) farm produce products not grown on the site for seasonal sale.
- 4. The maximum length of permit shall be for three (3) months of each calendar year.
- 5. Sales areas, including the produce stands, shall not be located within the right-of-way of any street or highway. Entrances and exits to the parking lot shall be a minimum of thirty (30) feet from any intersection.

G. HORSE SHOW OR EXHIBITION

This is a permitted use in designated districts with the approval of the Zoning Administrator for a commercial or private stable for special events, including but not limited to shows, exhibitions, and contests.

H. TEMPORARY SHELTER

When fire or natural disaster has rendered a single-family residence unfit for human habitation, the temporary use of a mobile home located on the single family lot during rehabilitation of the original residence or construction of a new residence is permitted with the approval of the Zoning Administrator and subject to the following additional regulations.

- 1. Required water and sanitary facilities must be provided.
- 2. The maximum length of permit shall be six (6) months, however, the Zoning Administrator may extend the permit for a period or periods not to exceed sixty (60) days in the event of extenuating circumstances. Application for the extension shall be made at least fifteen (15) days prior to expiration of the original permit.
- 3. At the time of permit issuance, the applicant shall provide written consent to the Township, authorizing them to remove the mobile home within thirty (30) days of permit expiration or issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the new residence, and to store the mobile home at the owner's expense if the owner fails to have it removed on their own initiative.

SECTION 16.06: <u>SPECIFIC TEMPORARY USES PERMITTED</u> – (Cont.)

I. TENT THEATER

- 1. Permitted in designated districts with the approval of the Zoning Administrator.
- 2. The maximum length of permit shall be five (5) months per calendar year.

SECTION 16.07: ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS

- A. A carnival or circus, tent theater, horse show, or exhibition and all events of public interest shall be subject to the following additional regulations:
 - 1. Documentations from the Marquette County Health Department stating that adequate arrangements for temporary sanitary facilities have been provided.
 - 2. Permanent or temporary lighting shall not be installed without an electrical permit and inspection.
 - 3. All uses shall be confined to the dates specified on the permit.
 - 4. Hours of operations shall be limited to those specified on the permit.
 - 5. The site shall be cleared of all debris at the end of the special event and cleared of all temporary structures within thirty (30) days after the closing event. A cash bond for a minimum of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) and not to exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) shall be posted or a signed contract with a disposal firm shall be required as part of the application for a zoning compliance certificate to ensure that the premises will be kept free of all debris during and after the event.
 - 6. Public parking for the exclusive use of the facility shall be provided, and a stabilized drive to the parking area shall be maintained. It shall be the responsibility of the applicant to guide traffic to and from these areas and to prevent patrons from unlawful parking.
 - 7. Traffic control requirements as specified by the local law enforcement authority shall be arranged for by the applicant.
 - 8. A cash bond for a minimum of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) and not to exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) shall be posted with the Township to ensure the repair of any damage resulting to any public right-of-way as a result of the event.
 - 9. The serving of alcoholic beverages shall not be permitted without authorization from the Township Board and a permit from the State Liquor Control Commission and any other such permits that may be required.

SECTION 16.08: SEXUALLY EXPLICIT ENTERTAINMENT

A. PURPOSE

In the development and execution of this Ordinance, it is recognized that there are some uses which, because of their very nature are recognized as having serious objectionable operational characteristics, particularly when located so as to have a deleterious effect upon the adjacent areas. Special Detailed Use regulations are necessary to insure that these adverse effects will not contribute to the blighting or downgrading of the surrounding neighborhood. These Detailed Use regulations are itemized in this section. The primary control or regulation is for the purpose of preventing the location of these uses within specified distances from residentially zoned land, single or multiple family dwellings, a church or other religious institution, or a public park or land zoned for such use.

B. **DEFINITIONS**

- 1. For the purpose of this section, "specified sexual activities" is defined as:
 - a. Human genitals in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal;
 - b. Acts of human masturbation, sexual intercourse, or sodomy;
 - c. Fondling or other erotic touching human genitals, pubic region, buttock or female breast.
- 2. For the purpose of this section, "specified anatomical areas" are defined as:
 - Less than completely and opaquely covered: (a) human genitals, pubic region, (b) buttock and (c) female breast below a point immediately above the top of the areola; and
 - b. Human male genitals in a discernable turgid state, even if completely and opaquely covered.
- 3. As used in this section, "sexually explicit entertainment" is the offering for observation by patrons or members of the public, whether or not a fee, compensation or other goods and services are sold or offered in conjunction therewith, of entertainment which is distinguished or characterized by an emphasis on acts depicting, suggesting, describing, displaying or relating to "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas."
- 4. As used in this section "adult bookstore" is an establishment having as a substantial or significant portion of its stock and trade, videos, books, magazines or other periodicals which are distinguished or characterized by their emphasis on matter depicting, describing or relating to "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas" as the same as defined herein, or an establishment with a segment or section devoted to the sale or display of such material.

SECTION 16.08: SEXUALLY EXPLICIT ENTERTAINMENT - (Cont.)

- 5. For the purpose of this section, adult motion picture or video theater is defined as: an enclosed building used for presenting material distinguished or characterized by an emphasis on matter depicting, describing or relating to "specified sexual activities" or "specific anatomical areas" as the same is defined herein, for observation by patrons therein.
- 6. For the purpose of this section "used" is defined as: a continuing course of conduct of exhibiting "specified sexual activities" and/or "specified anatomical areas" in a manner which appeals to a prurient interest.

C. **RESTRICTIONS AND PROHIBITIONS**

- 1. No persons shall use, establish, build, operate, or allow to be operated an adult bookstore, an adult motion picture theater, an adult video rental store, or sexually explicit entertainment in any building or on any lands:
 - a. Within one thousand (1,000) feet from any residentially zoned lands, or;
 - b. Within one thousand (1,000) feet from any church or other religious institution, school, or public park.
- 2. An adult bookstore, an adult motion picture theater, or an adult video rental store is only permitted within a GB, General Business District, and shall be located within such District subject to the restrictions of this section relating to distance separations as set forth in Section C.1. above.
- 3. No person shall use or allow to be used, any land or building within the Charter Township of Marquette for sexually explicit entertainment, if any portion of such land or building is occupied, used, owned or leased by a license or permittee under any license or permit issued by the Michigan Liquor Control Commission.
- 4. Sexually explicit entertainment is only permitted in a GB, General Business District, and shall be located within such District subject to the restrictions of this section relating to distance separations as set forth in Section C.1. above.

A. PURPOSE

The purpose of this section is to define the various types of care facilities and to specify the zoning districts where these facilities may locate in accordance with the various requirements and performance standards as outlined in this Ordinance.

The regulations which apply have been developed in accordance with the requirements of The Federal Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988, and state statutes including The Child Care Organizations Act, P.A. 116 of 1973, as amended and The Adult Foster Care Licensing Act, P.A. 218 of 1979, as amended.

SECTION 16.09: <u>CARE FACILITIES –</u> (Cont.)

B. **DEFINITIONS**

For purposes of this section, the following terms shall have the meanings as ascribed to them:

1. Adult Care Facilities

The following definitions are based upon The Adult Foster Care Licensing Act, P.A. 218 of 1979, as amended:

- (a) An Adult Foster Care Facility is a governmental or nongovernmental establishment that provides foster care to adults. It includes facilities and foster care homes for adults who are aged, mentally ill, develop-mentally disabled, or physically handicapped who require supervision on an ongoing basis but who do not require continuous nursing care. An adult foster care facility does not include nursing homes, homes for the aged, hospitals, alcohol or substance abuse rehabilitation center, or a residential center for persons released from or assigned to a correctional facility.
- (b) An Adult Foster Care Congregate Facility is an adult foster care facility with the approved capacity to receive more than twenty (20) adults to be provided with foster care.
- (c) An Adult Foster Care Family Home is a private residence with the approved capacity to receive six (6) or fewer adults to be provided with foster care for five (5) or more days a week and for two (2) or more consecutive weeks. The adult foster care family home licensee must be a member of the household and an occupant of the residence.
- (d) An Adult Foster Care Small Group Home is a facility with the approved capacity to receive twelve (12) or fewer adults who are provided supervision, personal care, and protection in addition to room and board, for twenty-four (24) hours a day, five (5) or more days a week, and for two (2) or more consecutive weeks for compensation.
- (e) An Adult Foster Care Large Group Home is a facility with approved capacity to receive at least thirteen (13) but not more than twenty (20) adults to be provided supervision, personal care, and protection in addition to room and board, for twenty-four (24) hours a day, five (5) or more days a week, and for two (2) or more consecutive weeks for compensation.
- 2. Child Care Facilities

The following definitions are based upon The Child Care Organization Act, P.A. Act 116 of 1973, as amended:

(a) A Child Caring Institution means a child care facility which is organized for the purpose of receiving minor children for care, maintenance, and supervision, usually on a twenty-four (24) hour basis, in a building maintained for that purpose, and

SECTION 16.09: CARE FACILITIES - (Cont.)

- (b) operates throughout the year. It includes a maternity home for the care of unmarried mothers who are minors, an agency group home, and institutions for mentally retarded or emotionally disturbed minor children. It does not include hospitals, nursing homes, boarding schools, or an adult foster care facility in which a child has been placed.
- (c) A Family Day Care Home is a private home in which one (1) but less than seven (7) minor children are received for care and supervision for periods less than twenty-four (24) hours a day, unattended by a parent or guardian, except children related to an adult member of the family by blood, marriage, or adoption. Family day care home includes a home that gives care to an unrelated minor child for more than four (4) weeks during a calendar year.
- (d) A Foster Family Group Home is a private home in which more than four (4) but less than seven (7) minor children, who are not related to an adult member of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption, are provided care for twenty-four (24) hours a day, for four (4) or more days a week, for two (2) or more consecutive weeks, unattended by a parent or legal guardian.
- (e) **Group Day Care Home** is a private home in which seven (7) but not more than twelve (12) minor children are received for care and supervision for periods less than twenty-four (24) hours a day unattended by a parent or legal guardian, excepting children related to an adult member of the family. Includes a home that gives care to an unrelated child for more than four (4) weeks in a calendar year. Halfway Houses
- (f) Halfway House Recovery, is a facility licensed by the Michigan Department of Public Health to provide substance abuse treatment and support services in addition to room and board to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers.
- (g) Halfway House Rehabilitation is a facility licensed by the Michigan Department of Corrections or the Federal Bureau of Prisons which provides supervision and rehabilitation support services in addition to room and board to criminal offenders.

C. APPLICATION OF REGULATIONS

- 1. Family Day Care Homes
 - a. A State Registered Family Day Care Home shall be considered a residential use of property and shall be permitted use in all Residential Districts.
 - b. A State Licensed Group Day Care Home shall be considered a special land use and may be permitted upon approval and issuance of a Special Land Use Permit in Residential Districts when the following performance standards have been satisfied.

SECTION 16.09: <u>CARE FACILITIES –</u> (Cont.)

- c. **Performance Standards:** The following standards apply to group day care homes only. Family day care homes are exempt from all special use permit standards not required of similarly zoned dwellings.
 - A Group Day Care Home shall not be located closer than 1,500 feet to any of the following facilities as measured along a street, road, or other public thoroughfare excluding an alley:
 - A. Another licensed group day care home.
 - B. An adult foster care large group home licensed by the State of Michigan.
 - C. A facility offering substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services to seven (7) or more people which is licensed by the State of Michigan.
 - D. A community correction center, resident home, halfway house or other similar facility which houses an inmate population under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections.
 - (2) All outdoor play areas shall be enclosed by a non-climbable fence that is at least forty-eight (48) inches high.

Forty-eight inches is the minimum height necessary to "secure" children in a yard. A taller fence may provide additional security and a better buffer. When establishing a fencing standard for day care uses, the Standard should be consistent or at least compatible with other local fence standards.

- (3) The property (landscaping and architecture) shall be maintained in a manner that is consistent with the character of the neighborhood. A group day care home should not require exterior modifications to the dwelling nor should the front yard be the location of play equipment, except on a corner lot.
- (4) One (1) identification sign shall be permitted. Such sign face shall not be greater than two (2) square feet, shall be mounted flush to a wall, made of material that is compatible with the dwelling unit, and shall not be illuminated. Sign text shall be limited to the name of the day care operator and address.
- (5) One (1) off-street parking space shall be provided for each non-family employee of the group day care home in addition to the parking normally required for the residence. A driveway may be used to fulfill this requirement.
- (6) Family day care homes shall be inspected by the Zoning Administrator at the time of occupancy. Group day care homes shall be inspected by the same agency prior to the issuance of any special conditional use permit and annually thereafter to ensure continued conformance with the Ordinance.

SECTION 16.09: CARE FACILITIES - (Cont.)

2. Adult Foster Care Homes

- a. A State Licensed Adult Foster Care Home which provides supervision or care, or both, to six (6) or fewer persons shall be considered a residential use of property and shall be permitted in all Residential Districts.
- b. A State Licensed Adult Foster Care Small Group Home which provides supervision or care, or both, to more than six (6) but less than thirteen (13) persons shall be considered a Special Land Use in the Urban Residential (UR) District. A Special Use Permit shall be issued if the Adult Foster Care Use meets the following performance standards. A state licensed Adult Foster Care Large Group which provides supervision or care, or both, to more than twelve (12) persons shall be a Special Land Use in the Urban Residential District. A Special Use Permit shall be issued if the Adult Foster Care Large Group which provides supervision or care, or both, to more than twelve (12) persons shall be a Special Land Use in the Urban Residential District. A Special Use Permit shall be issued if the Adult Foster Care Use meets the following performance standards;
- c. **Performance Standards:** The following are standards which apply to adult foster care small group homes that care for more than six persons.
 - (1) A state licensed adult foster care small group home shall not be located within fifteen hundred (1,500) feet of another similar state licensed facility.
 - (2) One (1) on-site parking space shall be provided for each employee in addition to the parking required for the dwelling unit. The driveway may be used for this purpose.
 - (3) The property (architecture and landscaping) shall be maintained in a manner that is consistent with the character of the neighborhood.
 - (4) Notice to neighbors and/or neighborhood associations is highly recommended, though not required, to promote the integration of adult foster care residents into the neighborhood.

If the proposal does not meet the above criteria, a variance may be sought according to the procedures and standards as outlined in Article XXIII, Zoning Board of Appeals, Section 23.05, Variances, and Section 23.06, Variance Standards.

- d. Adult Foster Care Large Group Homes shall adhere to the following standards:
 - (1) A state licensed adult foster care large group home shall not be located within fifteen hundred (1,500) feet of another similar state licensed facility.
 - (2) One (1) on-site parking space shall be provided for each employee in addition to the parking required for the dwelling unit or other accessory uses.
- (3) A designated passenger loading/unloading area of adequate dimensions shall be provided near a barrier-free entrance to the facility.
 SECTION 16.09: CARE FACILITIES – (Cont.)
 - (4) A loading/unloading area of adequate dimensions shall be provided for delivery vehicles servicing the facility.

- (5) A landscaped buffer shall be provided along all property lines that abut a less intense land use (or name zoning districts) and around the visible perimeters of all parking and loading/unloading areas.
- (6) All exterior lighting of entryways, parking spaces, or loading/unloading areas shall not reflect onto adjacent properties and, preferably, should be motion activated.
- (7) Notice to neighbors and/or neighborhood association is highly recommended, though not required, to promote the integration of adult foster care residents into the neighborhood.

If the proposal does not meet any of the above criteria, a variance may be sought according to the procedures and standards outlined in Article 24, Zoning Board of Appeals, Section 24.05, Variances, and Section 24.06, Variance Standards.

- 3. Halfway Houses Recovery and Rehabilitation
 - a. A State Licensed Residential Substance Abuse Facility shall be considered a permitted use in the Development District when the following Performance Standards have been satisfied.
 - b. **Performance Standards:** The following standards apply to Small Recovery or Rehabilitation Halfway Houses.
 - 1. A state licensed residential substance abuse or state or federally licensed correctional facility shall not be located within fifteen hundred (1500) feet of another similar state licensed facility.
 - 2. One (1) on-site parking space shall be provided for each employee in addition to the parking required for the dwelling. The driveway may be used for this purpose.
 - 3. The property (architecture and landscaping) shall be maintained in a manner that is consistent with the character of the neighborhood.
 - 4. Notice to neighbors is highly recommended, though not required to promote the integration of the halfway house into the neighborhood.
 - 5. A recovery or rehabilitation halfway house shall be located in an area reasonably accessible to public transportation, employment and vocational activities as well as other community resources and agencies which may be utilized by the facility's residents, or provisions must be made so that the

SECTION 16.09: CARE FACILITIES - (Cont.)

6. facility's residents have ready access to these services and agencies when necessary.

If the proposal does not meet in any of the above criteria, a variance may be sought according to the procedures and standards outlined in Article 24, Zoning Board of Appeals, Section 24.05, Variances, and Section 24.06, Variance Standards.

- c. Large Recovery or Rehabilitation Halfway Houses shall adhere to the following standards:
 - 1. A state licensed residential substance abuse or state or federally licensed correctional facility shall not be located within fifteen hundred (1,500) feet of another similar state licensed facility.
 - 2. One (1) on-site parking space shall be provided for each employee in addition to the parking required for the dwelling unit.
 - 3. A designated passenger loading/unloading area of adequate dimensions shall be provided near a barrier-free entrance to the facility.
 - 4. A loading/unloading area of adequate dimensions shall be provided for delivery vehicles to service the facility.
 - 5. A landscape buffer shall be provided along all property lines that abut a less intense land use and around the visible perimeters of all parking and loading/unloading areas.
 - 6. All exterior lighting of entryways, parking spaces, or loading/unloading areas shall not reflect onto adjacent properties and, preferably, should be motion activated.
 - 7. A recovery or rehabilitation halfway house shall be located in an area responsibly accessible to public transportation, employment, and vocational activities as well as other community resources and agencies which may be utilized by the facility's residents, or provisions must be made so that the facility's residents have ready access to these services and agencies when necessary.
 - 8. Notice to neighbors and/or neighborhood associations is highly recommended though not required, to promote the integration of adult foster care residents into the neighborhood.

If the proposal does not meet all of the above criteria, a variance may be sought according to the procedures and standards as outlined in Article 24, Zoning Board of Appeals, Section 24.05, Variances, and Section 24.06, Variance Standards.

SECTION 16.10: ALTERNATIVE ENERGY

A. PURPOSE

It has become increasingly desirable in time of rising energy costs and shortages to look to alternative energy sources, solar and wind, for both residential and commercial uses. While utilization of these sources may reduce greenhouse gas emissions, implementation without realistic standards can cause problems visually and operationally both on and off site. These regulations are designed to balance rights of all parties and assist in benefitting the end user and the community as a whole in minimizing visual impacts and the potential for nuisance.

B. SOLAR ENERGY

Solar energy equipment systems consist of photovoltaic solar arrays and/ or a solar collection system. In addition to local ordinances and Marquette County Building Codes, they may also be subject to Restrictive Covenants or Owner's Association and/or Condominium Bylaws for specific sites. Common building code issues to address include exceeding roof load, unacceptable heat exchangers, improper wiring, inadequate separation from potable water supplies, etc. Potential zoning issues can include sideyard/bufferyard obstruction, exceeding height limits, visual degradation due to improper siting, off-premise vegetation growth affecting efficiency of ground mounted systems, etc. These items and other situation specific issues will be addressed upon application, site plan preparation and submittal, and a Public Hearing conducted by the Planning Commission., and review by the appointed zoning administrator. If applicable, a public hearing and consideration conducted by the Planning Commission may be required. Refer to Section 15.05: Table 15 (Use vs. District Nomograph) for specific uses permitted by district.

1. **DEFINITIONS**

Photovoltaic (PV) System: A semiconductor material that generates electricity from sunlight.

Solar Energy System (SES): A photovoltaic system or solar thermal system for generating and/or storing electricity or heat, including all above and below ground equipment or components required for the system to operate properly and to be secured to a roof surface or the ground. This includes any necessary operations and maintenance building(s), but does not include any temporary construction offices, substation(s) or other transmission facilities between the SES and the point of interconnection to the electric grid.

Ground-Mounted Solar Energy System: A solar energy system mounted on support posts, like a rack or pole, that are attached to or rest on the ground.

Accessory Ground-Mounted Solar Energy System: A ground-mounted solar energy system with the purpose primarily of generating electricity for the principal use on the site.

Principal-Use Solar Energy System: A commercial, ground-mounted solar energy system that converts sunlight into electricity for the primary purpose of off-site use through the electrical grid or export to the wholesale market.

Principal-Use (Large) Solar Energy System: A Principal-Use SES generating 800 Amps or more for the primary purpose of off-site use through the electrical grid or export to the wholesale market. **Principal-Use (Small) Solar Energy System:** A Principal-Use SES generating less than 800 Amps for the primary purpose of off-site use through the electrical grid or export to the wholesale market.

2. <u>Roof-Mounted and Wall-Mounted Solar Energy Systems</u>

Roof-mounted and wall-mounted solar energy systems for on-site use are permitted accessory structures in all zoning districts, subject to the following regulations:

- a. Height. Roof-mounted systems shall not extend more than three (3) feet above the surface of the roof. Wall-mounted systems shall not exceed the height of the wall.
- b. Location. Roof-mounted solar energy systems may be located anywhere on a roof of a principal or accessory structure, but shall not be located in a required setback nor protrude beyond the edge of the roof. However, a solar panel may function as a roof element, such as an awning or carport. Wall-mounted solar energy systems may be located anywhere on the wall of a principal or accessory structure, but shall not be located within a required setback area.
- 3. Ground-Mounted Solar Energy Systems (Less than 800 Amps)

Ground mounted and freestanding solar energy systems of less than 800 Amps are permitted as a principal use subject to special land use approval in the FR, DD, GB, SB, and RP zoning districts.

Ground mounted and freestanding solar energy systems of less than 800 Amps for onsite use are permitted accessory structures in all zoning districts, subject to the following regulations:

- a. Location and Setbacks. Ground-mounted solar energy systems shall be subject to existing location and setback restrictions of the subject parcel's zoning district.
- b. Height. The height of the solar energy system and any mounts shall not exceed ten (10) feet when oriented at maximum tilt and within ten (10) feet of a residential lot line; and otherwise shall not exceed eighteen (18) feet when oriented at maximum tilt.
- c. Area. Ground-mounted solar energy systems are not classified as lot coverage and are therefore not subject to the maximum lot coverage standards of the zoning district.
- d. **Power Lines.** All power lines between solar panels and inverters must be placed underground.
- e. Land Use Intensity. For accessory solar energy systems, the Land Use Intensity (LUI) designation of the parcel shall be the established LUI of the principal use.

Ground-Mounted Solar Energy Facilities – Utility Grade (800 Amps or over, operated by a public utility, government entity, or on-site business only)

Ground mounted and freestanding solar energy systems 800 Amps or over are permitted for public utilities, government entities, and on-site businesses only, subject to special land use approval in the FR, DD, GB, SB, and RP zoning districts and subject to the following regulations:

- a. Location and Setbacks. The solar energy system shall not be located closer to the street than any portion of the principal building, and shall meet the minimum front, side and rear yard setbacks of the zoning district.
- b. **Height.** The height of the solar energy system and any mounts shall not exceed eighteen (18) feet when oriented at maximum tilt.
- c. Area. Ground-mounted solar energy systems are not classified as lot coverage and are therefore not subject to the maximum lot coverage standards of the zoning district.
- d. **Power Lines.** All power lines between solar panels and inverters must be placed underground.
- e. Land Use Intensity. For principal use solar energy systems, the Land Use Intensity designation shall be a V.

5. <u>General Standards</u>

The following requirements are applicable to all roof-mounted, wall-mounted, or ground-mounted solar energy systems:

- Permit. A zoning compliance permit shall be required for any roof-mounted, wall mounted, or ground-mounted solar energy system. A building permit may be required for these facilities.
- b. Batteries. If solar storage batteries are included as part of the solar collector system, they must be placed and installed according to all requirements set forth in the National Electric Code and State Fire Code when in operation. When no longer in operation, the batteries shall be disposed of in accordance with the laws and regulations of the Township and any other applicable laws and regulations relating to hazardous waste disposal.
- c. Electrical Emissions. The design and construction of solar energy systems shall not produce electrical emissions that would interfere with aircraft communications systems or navigation equipment.
- d. Light Emissions and Reflection. The design and construction of solar energy systems shall not produce light emissions, either director or indirect (reflective), that would interfere with pilot vision and/or air traffic control operations. The solar panels shall be composed of anti-reflective material and/or treated with anti-reflective coating.
- e. **Removal Provisions.** As a condition of approval, the Township may require that the property owner enter into an agreement with the Township for the removal of the solar energy system upon disuse or abandonment of the system as described in

Article 16.10.B.5.f. The agreement shall be in recordable form, provide the necessary authority for the Township to enter the property to remove the unit when a property owner fails to do so as required in Article 16.10.B.5.f, and also provide that the Township may have a lien for costs if it becomes necessary for the Township to exercise its rights under the agreement. This agreement shall be recorded with the Marquette County Register of Deeds.

- f. Removal. If a solar energy system ceases to perform its intended function (generating electricity) for more than twelve (12) consecutive months, the operator shall remove the collectors, mounts, and associated equipment and facilities no later than ninety (90) days after the end of the twelve (12) month period. Where the removal has not been lawfully completed as required above, and after at least thirty (30) days written notice, the Township may remove or secure the removal of the solar energy system or portion thereof only if there is a recorded agreement authorizing the Township to do so pursuant to Article 16.10.B.5.e. If there is a recorded agreement authorizing the Township to remove the solar energy system or portion thereof pursuant to Article 16.10.B.5.e, the Township's actual cost and reasonable administrative charges may be placed as a lien on the property and the lien on the property shall be superior to all other liens except taxes. If there is no recorded agreement authorizing the Township to remove the solar energy system or portion thereof, the Township may issue Civil Infraction tickets to the owner and/or operator and seek an order to remove the system in the Marquette County Circuit Court.
- g. Utility Connection. The applicant shall submit evidence that the utility company has been informed of the customer's intent to install an interconnected, customer-owned solar energy generator and that such connection has been approved. Off-grid systems shall be exempt from this requirement.

C. WIND ENERGY

1. **DEFINITIONS**

Ambient Sound Level: The amount of background noise at a given location prior to the installation of a Wind Energy System (WES) which may include, but not be limited to, traffic, machinery, lawnmowers, human activity, and the interaction of wind with the landscape. The ambient sound level is measured on the dB(A) weighted scale as defined by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and is the sound pressure level exceeded 90% of the time (L90).

Commercial Freestanding Tower: Any tower except those used for Meteorological Tower (MET) measurement or Wind Energy Systems (WES).

Decibel (Db): The unit of power ratio equal to one tenth of a bell.

Noise: Any activity which creates or produces sound regardless of frequency exceeding the ambient noise levels at the property line of any property.

Noise Contour: The graphic depiction of the extent to which an average noise level affects the area surrounding a source of noise.

Noise, Decibel (dB): A unit for measuring the amplitude of sounds, equal to 20 times the logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio of the pressure of the sound measured to the reference pressure of 20 micropascals.

Practically defined; the loudness of sound is measured in decibels. Whispering is approximately 30 decibels; conversational speech, 60; a garbage disposal, 80. Sound above 85 decibels may damage delicate hearing cells in the inner ear.

Meteorological Tower (MET): Includes the tower, base plate, anchors, guy cables and hardware, anemometers (wind speed indicators), wind direction vanes, booms to hold equipment anemometers and vanes, data logger, instrument wiring, and any telemetry devices that are used to monitor or transmit wind speed and wind flow characteristics for no more than a three (3) year period to record instantaneous wind information or to characterize the wind resource at a given location.

Non-Participating Parcel: A parcel of real estate that is neither a Project Parcel nor a Participating Parcel.

Participating Parcel: A parcel of real estate that is not a Project Parcel, but is subject to an agreement between the owner and developer allowing the construction of all or part of a LWES closer to a Participating Parcel property line or habitable structure than would be permitted in the absence of such an agreement.

Project Parcel: The parcel or parcels of real estate on which all or any part of a LWES will be constructed.

Tower Height: The height above average grade of the fixed portion (hub) of the tower.

Total Extended Height: For a Horizontal Axis Wind Turbine it is the distance from the average grade to highest point of the rotor blade and for a Vertical Axis Wind Turbine it is the distance from the average grade to the highest point of the wind turbine.

Wind Energy System (WES): A means of generating electrical power through the utilization of wind power which is further defined on the basis of capacity as:

Small Wind Energy System (SWES): A tower mounted system which includes the foundation, tower, generator, blades, wire or other components used in the system and which is primarily intended to reduce residential on-site consumption of utility power. The nameplate capacity rating shall not exceed sixty (60) kilowatts and the tower height shall not exceed one hundred (100) feet.

Medium Wind Energy System (MWES): A tower mounted system which includes the foundation, tower, generator, blades, wire or other components used in the system and which is primarily intended to reduce commercial, municipal, or industrial on-site consumption of utility power. The nameplate capacity is rated for more than sixty (60) kilowatts to up to a maximum of

three hundred (300) kilowatts and the tower height shall not exceed one hundred sixty-four (164) feet.

Large Wind Energy System (LWES): A tower mounted system which includes the foundation, tower, generator, blades, wire or other components used in the system and which is primarily intended to supply electricity to a grid system for off-site customers. The nameplate capacity is rated to be more than three hundred (300) kilowatts and the tower height will exceed one hundred sixty-four (164) feet.

2. METEOROLOGICAL TOWERS (MET) AND WIND ENERGY SYSTEMS (WES)

a. METEOROLOGICAL TOWERS (MET TOWER)

Meteorological Towers (Met Towers) are permitted as a Temporary Conditional Use in the same districts as any Wind Energy System (WES). Met Towers shall be permitted for not more than twelve (12) months for a Small Wind Energy System (SWES), twenty-four (24) months for a Medium Wind Energy System (MWES) and thirty-six (36) months for a Large Wind Energy System (LWES), and are subject to all applicable requirements and application procedures for Small Wind Energy Systems (SWES) regulated under Section b below.

b. SMALL WIND ENERGY SYSTEMS (SWES)

The primary use for this Small Wind Energy System, is for residential, on-site consumption of utility power produced by a generator of sixty (60) kilowatts or less and located on a tower not to exceed one hundred (100) feet in height above grade.

All applications shall be accompanied by the following informational requirements:

- i. A completed Application Form, a Plot or Site Plan {Article 18- Site Plan Review, Section 18.03 (A) or Section 18.06} and a statement with supporting evidence, as specified in Article 17- Special Land Uses, Section 17.03 (C) <u>APPLICATION PROCEDURE</u>.
- ii. Evidence of compliance with a setback of 110% of the total extended height of the Small Wind Energy System (SWES), from public road Rightof-Ways, overhead utility lines and all property lines. Guy wire anchors, if required, shall be placed a minimum of fifteen (15) feet from any property line and shall be clearly visible to a height of six (6) feet above grade.

- iii. The Small Wind Energy System (SWES) specifications including the manufacturer, & model number, etc.; rotor diameter; tower height, type with drawings; tower foundation drawings.
- iv. The method of restricting access to ground mounted electric/ control equipment and tower access to a height of ten (10) feet above grade.
- v. Description of lightning protection and location of all underground wiring.
- vi. Artificial lighting is prohibited unless required by the Federal Aviation Administration.
- vii. Copies of written utility notification and permission to interconnect with the electric grid, unless the system is to be installed off-grid.
- viii. Documentation that the rotor blade clearance will be a minimum of twenty (20) feet above grade.
- ix. Evidence that turbine blade, shadow flicker will not fall on public roadways or off-site habitable structures.
- x. A detailed description of the automatic braking, governing or feathering system to prevent uncontrolled blade rotation or over-speeding.
- xi. Submission of a sound level analysis prepared by the turbine manufacturer or a Professional Engineer indicating that noise emissions from the Small Wind Energy System (SWES) will not exceed fifty (50) dB(A) measured at the property lines. This sound pressure level may be exceeded during short-term events such as utility outages and/or severe wind storms. In the event the ambient sound pressure level exceeds 50 dB(A), the standard shall be ambient plus 5 dB(A).
- xii. A Small Wind Energy System (SWES) that is out-of-service for a continuous 12-month period will be deemed to have been abandoned. The Zoning Administrator may issue a Notice of Abandonment to the Owner of a SWES that is deemed to have been abandoned. The Owner shall have the right to respond to the Notice of Abandonment within thirty (30) days from receipt of the Notice of Abandonment. The Zoning Administrator shall withdraw the Notice of Abandonment and notify the Owner of such withdrawal if the Owner provides information that demonstrates the SWES has not been abandoned.

xiii. If the Small Wind Energy System (SWES) is determined to be abandoned, the Owner of the SWES shall remove the wind generator and the tower at the Owner's sole expense within ninety (90) days of receipt of the Notice of Abandonment. If the Owner fails to remove the wind generator and tower, the Zoning Administrator shall submit a recommendation to the Township Board to pursue legal action to have the wind generator and tower removed at the Owner's expense.

c. MEDIUM WIND ENERGY SYSTEMS (MWES)

The primary use of this system is for commercial, municipal, or industrial onsite consumption of utility power produced by a generator rated at more than sixty (60) kilowatts up to a maximum of three hundred (300) kilowatts and located on a tower not to exceed one hundred sixty-four (164) feet in height above grade.

All applications shall be accompanied by the informational requirements of Section b above except amended as follows:

- i The Site Plan shall comply with the applicable requirements of Article 18- Site Plan Review, Section 18.06 <u>REQUIRED INFORMATION</u>.
- Medium Wind Energy System (MWES) specifications including manufacturer & model numbers, etc.; rotor diameter; tower height, type & professionally certified drawings; professionally certified tower foundation drawings.
- iii The method of restricting access to ground mounted electric/ control equipment and tower access to a height of twelve (12) feet above grade.
- iv Demonstration that the rotor blade clearance is a minimum of thirty (30) feet above grade.
- v Submission of a sound level analysis prepared by a Professional Engineer indicating that noise emissions from the Medium Wind Energy System (MWES) will not exceed forty-five (45) dB(A) measured at the property lines. This sound pressure level may be exceeded during short-term events such as utility outages and/or severe wind storms. In the event the ambient sound pressure level exceeds 45 dB (A), the standard shall be ambient plus 5 dB (A).

A Medium Wind Energy System (MWES) that is out-of-service for a continuous 12-month period will be deemed to have been abandoned. The Zoning Administrator may issue a Notice of Abandonment to the Owner of a MWES that is deemed to have been abandoned. The Owner shall have the right to respond to the Notice of Abandonment within thirty (30) days from receipt of the Notice of Abandonment. The Zoning Administrator shall withdraw the Notice of Abandonment and notify the Owner of such withdrawal if the Owner provides information that demonstrates the SWES has not been abandoned.

If the Medium Wind Energy System (MWES) is determined to be abandoned, the Owner of the MWES shall remove the wind generator and the tower at the Owner's sole expense within ninety (90) days of receipt of the Notice of Abandonment. If the Owner fails to remove the wind generator and tower, the Zoning Administrator shall submit a recommendation to the Township Board to pursue legal action to have the wind generator and tower removed at the Owner's expense.

d. LARGE WIND ENERGY SYSTEMS (LWES)

NOTE A: The construction of a Large Wind Energy System (LWES) is typically preceded by an investigation of on-site wind characteristics to assess suitability for power generation. This generally involves wind monitoring over several months with the installation of a Meteorological Tower (Met Tower), which due to its height, would necessitate an application for and approval of a Temporary Use Permit.

Prospective applicants are apprised that the Charter Township of Marquette has initially adopted basic regulations for Large Wind Energy System (LWES) to assist developers in site assessment and up-front planning to minimize potential problems.

Upon granting a Special Use for a Meteorological Tower in districts where LWES are conditionally permitted, the Charter Township of Marquette Planning Commission will commence work to complete this section of the ordinance within eleven (11) months. Topics to be addressed may include, but are not limited to, Road Use and Restoration Plan, Design Site Plan, Aircraft Protection, Blasting Plan, Avian & Wildlife Impact, Microwave and Electromagnetic Interference, Shadow Flicker Analysis, Noise & Testing Parameters, Lightning & Stray Voltage Assessment, Security & Emergency Response Plan, Emergency Shutdown Plan, Decommissioning & Site Restoration Plan and Bonding/Financial Guarantee Agreement, etc.

The primary use of this system is to supply electricity to a grid system for offsite customers produced by a generator rated at more than three hundred (300) kilowatts, and located on a tower exceeding one hundred sixty-four (164) feet in height above grade. Property may be owned or leased by the developer.

LARGE WIND ENERGY SYSTEMS (LWES) WILL BE INITIALLY SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:

- (1) The Site Plan shall comply with the applicable requirements of Article 18- Site Plan Review, Section 18.06 <u>REQUIRED INFORMATION</u>.
- (2) Turbine rotor blade clearance shall be a minimum of fifty (50) feet above grade.

NOTE B: Noise related to Large Wind Energy System (LWES) installations is a serious concern for impacted communities and the emergent wind industry. Available information about the negative effects of these systems upon individuals appears to be contradictory, although research completed and in progress appears to support the potential for public health risks for a segment of the population and other negative impacts upon property. Progress within the wind industry is continuous with increasingly higher generating capacity available in individual wind turbines. More study is required to assess the impact of these industrial-sized systems on the health, safety, and welfare of people residing, pursuing recreation and/or working in their general vicinity. Options presently available to reduce Large Wind Energy System (LWES) noise emissions involve reducing the sound power at the source or increasing the distance between source and receiver.

(3) SETBACKS

- (a) Each Large Wind Energy System (LWES) shall be setback 150% of the total extended height of the LWES from any Participating Parcel or Project Parcel property boundary lines.
- (b) Each Large Wind Energy System (LWES) shall be setback 200% of the total extended height of the LWES from any public road Right-of-Way and any overhead utility line.
- (c) Each Large Wind Energy System (LWES) shall be located sixteen hundred (1600) feet from any single family or seasonal dwelling located on a Participating Parcel.

(d) Each Large Wind Energy System (LWES) shall be located thirty three hundred (3300) feet from any single family or seasonal dwelling located on a Non-Participating Parcel.

(4) SOUND EMISSION TESTING

All testing, modeling, and analysis of each Large Wind Energy System (LWES) shall conform to the measurement standards and protocols of The American Standards Institute (ANSI) S12.9, Parts 1-5: (ANSI) S12.17; (ANSI) S12.18 and International Electric Code (IEC) 61400 - 11 and be performed by a qualified Professional Consultant/Engineer selected by the Charter Township of Marquette and paid for by the applicant via an Escrow Account established by the Township.

- (a) In order to establish long-term background noise, the preconstruction La90 and Lc90 ambient sound levels are to be measured at the property lines of Non-Participating Parcels during night time hours of 9:00 PM to 6:00 AM.
- (b) Post-construction operating sound levels are to be measured within nine (9) months of a fully operational Large Wind Energy Systems (LWES) installation at the property lines of Non-Participating Parcels during night time hours of 9:00 PM to 6:00 AM. The maximum noise emission at any Non-Participating Parcels containing a single family or seasonal dwelling shall not exceed the following limits:
 - i Maximum Emission Level 40dB(A)
 - ii Maximum Emission Level 55 dB(C)
 - iii Maximum emission above preconstruction ambient level - La90 + 5dB
 - iv Maximum emission above preconstruction ambient level - Lc90 + 5dB
 - v Emission Spectra Imbalance Lc90 + 5dB (La90 + 5dB) \leq 20dB

Each limit (i) through (v) above is independent and exceeding <u>any</u> of the limits will be determined to be evidence of non-compliance. The Zoning Administrator shall immediately inform the operator of noncompliance with the Emission Limits. The Large Wind Energy System (LWES) shall be removed from operation until such time as compliance with noise levels can be demonstrated. (End Amend. 08-02-10)

Information in the Sounds Emission testing section is based in part upon "The How To Guide To Siting Wind Turbines To Prevent Health Risks From Sound" by G. W. Kamperman and R. R. James Version 2.1, dated October 28, 2008.

SECTION 16.11: PARK & RIDE

- 1. Park & Ride land use may only be located in the zoned, General Business (GB) Zoning District and Development District (DD).
- Park & Ride land use shall be subject to the review and approval requirements set forth in ARTICLE 14 – ACCESS MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS, ARTICLE 17 SPECIAL LAND USES, ARTICLE 18 – SITE PLAN REVIEW, ARTICLE 20 – MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS, and ARTICLE 21 – OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS.
- 3. A Park & Ride Lot shall not have more than 150 parking stalls in a single development.

SECTION 16.12: TINY HOMES

- In addition to complying with of other relevant Sections of this Ordinance, except for minimum square footage requirements, petitioners desiring to site and/or construct a Tiny Home (as defined in Section 2.02) shall also provide the following information to be considered for a special land use permit:
 - a. Marquette County Building Permit(s)
 - b. Marquette County Health Department Permit(s)
 - c. Off-street parking conforming to residential single-family dwelling units under Article 21.
 - d. Connection to a public sewer and water supply in compliance with the Marquette Township requirements, or to such private facilities as approved by the Marquette County Health Department.

SECTION 16.13: SHORT-TERM RENTALS

1. In addition to complying with other relevant sections of this Ordinance, petitioners desiring to conduct a short-term rental unit (as defined in Article 2), the petitioner shall also provide the following information in order to be considered for a special use permit:

- a. Fire code review by the Marquette Township Fire/Rescue Department every two (2) years.
- b. A Marquette Township Business License.
- c. Off-street parking conforming to residential single-family dwelling units under Article 21.

CONTENTS OF ARTICLE 23

NONCONFORMITIES

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ARTICLE 23: NONCONFORMITIES

SECTION 23.01: PURPOSE

It is purpose of this Article to provide for the regulation of legally nonconforming structures, lots of record, and uses, and also to specify circumstances and conditions under which nonconformities shall be permitted to continue. It is necessary and consistent with the regulations prescribed by this Ordinance that nonconformities, which adversely affect orderly development and the value of nearby property, not be permitted to continue without restriction. The zoning regulations established by this Ordinance are designed to guide the future use of land located in the Charter Township of Marguette by encouraging appropriate groupings of compatible and related uses and to promote and protect the public health, safety, and general welfare. The continued existence of nonconformities is frequently inconsistent with the purposes for which regulations are established; therefore, the gradual elimination of nonconformities is generally desirable. The regulations of this Article permit nonconformities to continue, but are intended to restrict further investments which would make them more permanent. This Article distinguishes major nonconforming uses, minor nonconforming uses, major nonconforming structures, minor nonconforming structures, and nonconforming lots of records. The degree of restriction made applicable to each separate category is a function of the degree to which that category of nonconformity is a nuisance or incompatible with the purposes and regulations of this Ordinance.

SECTION 23.02: DEFINITIONS

- A. **A legal nonconformity** is any land use, structure, lot of record, or sign (See Article 22, Signs for Details on Nonconforming Signs) legally established prior to the effective date of this Ordinance or subsequent amendment to it which would not be permitted by, or be in full compliance with, the regulations of this Ordinance.
- B. **A nonconforming use** is an activity using land, buildings, signs, and/or structures for purposes which were legally established prior to the effective date of this Ordinance or subsequent amendment to it and which would not be permitted to be established as a new use in a zoning district in which it is located by the regulations of this Ordinance.
 - 1. A major nonconforming use is any principal use not permitted by right (Y), or by a Special Use Permit (S), as designated in Article 15, Principal Uses Permitted in Districts, Section 15.05, Table XIV, Use vs. District Nomograph.
 - 2. A minor nonconforming use is any existing nonconforming use which is not classified as a major nonconforming use. If an existing nonconforming use is designated as requiring a Special Use Permit (S) in Article 15, Principal Uses Permitted in Districts, Section 15.05, Table XIV, Use vs. District Nomograph, then the existing nonconforming use is considered to be a minor nonconforming use.

SECTION 23.02: <u>DEFINITIONS</u> – (Cont.)

- C. **A nonconforming structure** is any building or structure, other than a sign, legally established prior to the effective date of this Ordinance or subsequent amendment, which does not fully comply with the standards set forth in this Ordinance.
 - 1. A major nonconforming structure is any nonresidential building or structure located on a parcel which at any point borders a residential use and which exceeds either the maximum building height for the district in which it is located or which does not fully comply with the bufferyard requirements of this Ordinance.
 - 2. A minor nonconforming structure is any nonconforming building or structure which is not classified as a major nonconforming building or structure.
- D. A nonconforming lot of record is any validly recorded lot which at the time it was recorded fully complied with all applicable laws and ordinances but which does not fully comply with the lot requirements of this Ordinance concerning minimum area or minimum lot width.
- E. **A nonconforming sign** is any sign legally established prior to the effective date of this Ordinance or subsequent amendment to it which is not in full compliance with the regulations of this Ordinance.

SECTION 23.03: CONTINUANCE OF NONCONFORMITIES

- A. Except as otherwise provided in this Article, any nonconforming lot, use, sign, or structure lawfully existing on the effective date of this Ordinance or subsequent amendment thereto may be continued so long as it remains otherwise lawful. All nonconformities shall be encouraged to convert to conformity wherever possible and shall be required to convert to conforming status as required by this Article.
- B. A nonconformity shall not be enlarged upon, expanded, or extended, including extension of hours of operation, unless the alteration is in compliance with all requirements of this Ordinance. Normal maintenance and incidental repair of a legal nonconformity shall be permitted, provided that this does not violate any other section of this Article.
 - Nothing in this Article shall be deemed to prevent the strengthening or restoration to a safe condition of a structure in accordance with an order of a public official who is charged with protecting the public safety and who declares the structure to be unsafe and orders its restoration to a safe condition, provided that the restoration is not otherwise in violation of the various provisions of this Section prohibiting the repair or restoration of partially damaged or destroyed structures or signs.
 - 2. Nothing in this Article shall be deemed to prevent an extension for the exclusive purpose of providing required off-street parking or loading spaces, and involving no structural alteration or enlargement of such structure, subject to the restrictions of Article 21, Off Street Parking Requirements.

SECTION 23.03: CONTINUITY OF NONCONFORMITIES – (Cont.)

- C. A nonconformity shall not be moved in whole or in part, for any distance whatsoever, to any other location on the same or any other lot unless the entire structure shall thereafter conform to the regulations of the zoning district in which it is relocated.
- D. No use, structure, or sign which is accessory to a principal nonconforming use or structure shall continue after the principal use or structure has ceased or terminated, unless it shall thereafter conform to all regulations of this Ordinance.
- E. The burden of establishing that any nonconformity is a legal nonconformity as defined by this Article shall, in all cases, be upon the owner of such nonconformity and not upon the Township.
- F. Installation and establishment of Solar Energy Systems (SES) shall not be considered an expansion of a nonconformity if installed and established on a nonconforming lot, use, sign or structure.

SECTION 23.04: MAJOR NONCONFORMITIES

- A. A major nonconforming use shall not be changed to any use other than a use permitted in the zoning district in which it is located.
- B. Major nonconforming uses or structures shall not be re-established in their nonconforming conditions in any zoning district after damage or destruction if the estimated expense of reconstruction exceeds fifty (50) percent of the appraised replacement cost of the structure or use.
- C. If a major nonconforming use ceases for any reason for a period of more than twelve (12) consecutive months, such discontinuance shall be considered conclusive evidence of an intention to abandon the existing nonconforming use. At the end of the three hundred sixty-five (365) day period, the nonconforming use shall not be re-established and any future use shall be in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance.

SECTION 23.05: MINOR NONCONFORMITIES

- A. On the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Ordinance, where a lawful use of land exists that is no longer permissible under the terms of this Ordinance as enacted or amended, the use may be continued, so long as it remains otherwise lawful, subject to the following provisions:
 - 1. A nonconforming use shall not be enlarged, increased, or extended to occupy a greater area of land than was occupied at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Ordinance.
 - 2. A nonconforming use shall not be moved in whole or in part to any other portion of the lot or parcel occupied by such use at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Ordinance.

SECTION 23.05: MINOR NONCONFORMITIES - (Cont.)

- 3. If a nonconforming use of land ceases for any reason for a period of more than three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive days, such discontinuance shall be considered conclusive evidence of an intention to abandon the existing nonconforming use. The time limit on discontinuance may be extended beyond the three hundred sixty-five (365) days, for a period of time not to exceed one (1) year upon proper application to the Zoning Board of Appeals within the three hundred sixty-five (365) day period and upon presentation of evidence that a practical difficulty would exist should the three hundred sixty-five (365) day limitation be strictly enforced. At the end of the three hundred sixty-five (365) day period of abandonment, the nonconforming use shall not be re-established and any future use shall be in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance. Seasonal nonconforming uses, currently found in the Township which by their nature operate habitually for less than eleven (11) months out of a year or customarily during a limited period of the year, shall be exempted from this requirement.
- 4. A nonconforming use shall not be extended to displace a permitted or conforming use.

SECTION 23.06: MINOR NONCONFORMITIES - STRUCTURES

- A. Where a lawful structure exists at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Ordinance that could not be built under the terms of this Ordinance by reason of restrictions on area, lot coverage, height, yards, or other characteristics of the structure or its location on the lot, such structure may be continued so long as it remains otherwise lawful, subject to the following provisions:
 - 1. Nonconforming structures shall not be altered or expanded without the prior approval of the Zoning Board of Appeals, with the exception of structural alterations which do not increase the bulk of the structure or the intensity of use of the structure.
 - 2. Nonconforming buildings or structures may be structurally altered so as to prolong the life of the building or structure.
 - 3. Nonconforming structures may be re-established in their nonconforming condition in any zoning district after damage or destruction of the nonconforming structure, only if approved by the Zoning Board of Appeals.

SECTION 23.07: MINOR NONCONFORMITIES - USES OF STRUCTURES AND LAND

A. If a lawful use of a structure, or of structure and land in combination, exists at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Ordinance, that would not be allowed in the zoning district under the terms of this Ordinance, the use may be continued so long as it remains otherwise lawful, subject to the following provisions:

SECTION 23.07: MINOR NONCONFORMITIES-USES OF STRUCTURES AND LAND - (Cont.)

- 1. No existing structure devoted to a use not permitted by this Ordinance in the district in which it is located shall be enlarged, extended, constructed, reconstructed, moved or structurally altered except in changing the use of the structure to a use permitted in the district in which it is located.
- 2. A nonconforming use may be extended throughout any part of a building which was arranged or designed for that use, and which existed at the time of adoption or amendment of this Ordinance, but the use shall not be extended to occupy any land outside the building.
- 3. Any structure, or structure and land in combination, in or on which a nonconforming use is superseded or changed to a permitted use, shall thereafter conform to the regulations for the zoning district in which the structure is located and shall not revert back to a nonconforming use.
- 4. Where a nonconforming use of a structure, or structure and premises in combination, is discontinued for twelve (12) consecutive months, the discontinuance shall be considered conclusive evidence of an intention to abandon the existing nonconforming use.

The time limit of discontinuance may be extended beyond the twelve (12) months for a period of time not to exceed one (1) year upon proper application to the Zoning Board of Appeals within the twelve (12) month period and upon presentation of evidence that a practical difficulty would exist should the twelve (12) month limitation be strictly enforced. At the end of this period of abandonment, the structure, or structure and premises in combination shall not thereafter be used except in conformance with the regulations of the zoning district in which it is located. Seasonal nonconforming uses of a structure, or structures and premises, currently found in the Township, which by their nature operate habitually for less than eleven (11) months out of a year or customarily during a limited period of the year, shall be exempted from this requirement.

SECTION 23.08: NONCONFORMING LOTS OF RECORD

A nonconforming lot of record is any validly recorded lot which at the time it was recorded fully complied with all applicable laws and ordinances but which does not fully comply with the lot requirements of this Ordinance concerning minimum area or minimum lot dimensions. A nonconforming lot of record may be used for any principal use permitted in the zoning district in which the lot is located, provided that for any use which is to be served by an individual potable water well and sanitary septic system, the nonconforming lot shall be of a size and design to meet the minimum requirements of the Marquette County Health Department (See also Article 20, Miscellaneous Provisions, Section 20.09, Area and Width Requirement for Lots of Record).

SECTION 23.09: REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE

Repairs and maintenance may be performed on any building devoted in whole or in part to a nonconforming use; including ordinary repairs or repair or replacement of nonbearing walls, fixtures, wiring, or plumbing to an extent not exceeding fifty (50) percent of the market value of the building during any period of twelve (12) consecutive months. However, the cubic content of the building as it existed at the time of passage or amendment of this Ordinance shall not be increased. Nothing in this Article shall be deemed to prevent the strengthening or restoring to a safe condition of any building or part thereof declared to be unsafe by order of any official charged with protecting the public health, safety, and welfare.

SECTION 23.10: PRIOR CONSTRUCTION APPROVAL

Nothing in this Article shall prohibit the completion of construction and use of a nonconforming building for which a building permit has been issued prior to the effective date of this Ordinance, provided that construction is commenced within ninety (90) days after the date of issuance of the permit, that construction is carried on diligently without interruption, as weather permits, for a continuous period; and that the entire building shall have been completed according to the plans filed with the permit application within two (2) years after the issuance of the building permit. To avoid practical difficulties, nothing in this Article shall be deemed to require a change in the plans, construction, or designated use of any building on which construction was lawfully begun prior to the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Article, and upon which actual construction has been diligently carried on. Actual construction is defined to include the placing of construction materials in permanent position and fastened in a permanent manner; except where demolition or removal of an existing building has been substantially begun provided that work shall be diligently carried on until completion of the building involved.

SECTION 23.11: CHANGE OF TENANCY OR OWNERSHIP

There may be a change of tenancy, ownership, or management of any existing nonconforming uses of land, structures, and premises provided there is no change in the nature or character of the nonconforming uses.

SECTION 23.12: ELIMINATION OF NONCONFORMITIES USE OR STRUCTURE

The Township Board may acquire private property or an interest in private property for the removal of any nonconforming use or structure by purchase, condemnation, or other means. The cost, expense, or a portion thereof may be paid from general funds or assessed to a special district in accordance with applicable statutory provisions.